

10551569

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NEWS 1 Web Page for STN Seminar Schedule - N. America
NEWS 2 DEC 01 ChemPort single article sales feature unavailable
NEWS 3 FEB 02 Simultaneous left and right truncation (SLART) added for CERAB, COMPUAB, ELCOM, and SOLIDSTATE
NEWS 4 FEB 02 GENBANK enhanced with SET PLURALS and SET SPELLING
NEWS 5 FEB 06 Patent sequence location (PSL) data added to USGENE
NEWS 6 FEB 10 COMPENDEX reloaded and enhanced
NEWS 7 FEB 11 WTEXTILES reloaded and enhanced
NEWS 8 FEB 19 New patent-examiner citations in 300,000 CA/CAplus patent records provide insights into related prior art
NEWS 9 FEB 19 Increase the precision of your patent queries -- use terms from the IPC Thesaurus, Version 2009.01
NEWS 10 FEB 23 Several formats for image display and print options discontinued in USPATFULL and USPAT2
NEWS 11 FEB 23 MEDLINE now offers more precise author group fields and 2009 MeSH terms
NEWS 12 FEB 23 TOXCENTER updates mirror those of MEDLINE - more precise author group fields and 2009 MeSH terms
NEWS 13 FEB 23 Three million new patent records blast AEROSPACE into STN patent clusters
NEWS 14 FEB 25 USGENE enhanced with patent family and legal status display data from INPADOCDB
NEWS 15 MAR 06 INPADOCDB and INPAFAMDB enhanced with new display formats
NEWS 16 MAR 11 EPFULL backfile enhanced with additional full-text applications and grants
NEWS 17 MAR 11 ESBIOBASE reloaded and enhanced
NEWS 18 MAR 20 CAS databases on STN enhanced with new super role for nanomaterial substances
NEWS 19 MAR 23 CA/CAplus enhanced with more than 250,000 patent equivalents from China
NEWS 20 MAR 30 IMSPATENTS reloaded and enhanced
NEWS 21 APR 03 CAS coverage of exemplified prophetic substances enhanced
NEWS 22 APR 07 STN is raising the limits on saved answers
NEWS 23 APR 24 CA/CAplus now has more comprehensive patent assignee information
NEWS 24 APR 26 USPATFULL and USPAT2 enhanced with patent assignment/reassignment information
NEWS 25 APR 28 CAS patent authority coverage expanded

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NEWS 26 APR 28 ENCOMPLIT/ENCOMPLIT2 search fields enhanced
NEWS 27 APR 28 Limits doubled for structure searching in CAS
REGISTRY

NEWS EXPRESS JUNE 27 08 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V8.3,
AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 23 JUNE 2008.

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```
=> filr eg  
FILR IS NOT A RECOGNIZED COMMAND  
The previous command name entered was not recognized by the system.  
For a list of commands available to you in the current file, enter  
"HELP COMMANDS" at an arrow prompt (>=).
```

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Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 28 APR 2009 HIGHEST RN 1140589-60-1
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 28 APR 2009 HIGHEST RN 1140589-60-1

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH January 9, 2009.

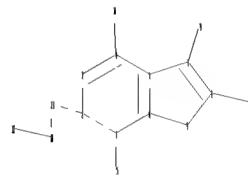
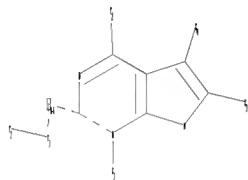
Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of experimental property data in the original document. For information on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

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<http://www.cas.org/support/stngen/stndoc/properties.html>

=>
Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\10551569.str



chain nodes :
10 12 14 16 18 19 21
ring nodes :
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
chain bonds :
1-16 2-21 4-18 7-19 8-14 10-12 10-21
ring bonds :
1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 5-7 6-9 7-8 8-9
exact/norm bonds :
1-2 1-6 1-16 2-3 2-21 3-4 4-5 4-18 5-6 5-7 6-9 7-8 7-19 8-9 8-14
10-12 10-21

G1:O,S,N

G2:Cy,Ak,H,X,O

G3:Cy,Ak,H

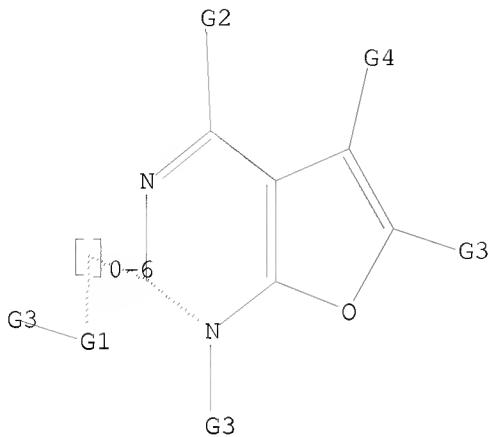
G4:X,Cy,Ak,H,O,S,N,CN

Match level :
1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:CLASS
12:CLASS 14:CLASS 16:CLASS 18:CLASS 19:CLASS 21:CLASS

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d
L1 HAS NO ANSWERS
L1 STR

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G1 O,S,N
G2 Cy,Ak,H,X,O
G3 Cy,Ak,H
G4 X,Cy,Ak,H,O,S,N,CN

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

```
=> s l1 sam
SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 10:24:37 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED -      1620 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED      1620 ITERATIONS          24 ANSWERS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01
```

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FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**
                        BATCH   **COMPLETE**
PROJECTED ITERATIONS:    29986 TO    34814
PROJECTED ANSWERS:        187 TO     773
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L2 24 SEA SSS SAM L1

```
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FULL SEARCH INITIATED 10:24:42 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED -      32626 TO ITERATE
```

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100.0% PROCESSED      32626 ITERATIONS          686 ANSWERS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01
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L3 686 SEA SSS FUL L1

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COST IN U.S. DOLLARS          SINCE FILE      TOTAL
                                ENTRY          SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST          185.88         186.10
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FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:24:45 ON 30 APR 2009

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 30 Apr 2009 VOL 150 ISS 18
FILE LAST UPDATED: 29 Apr 2009 (20090429/ED)

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This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s 13
L4 55 L3

=> FIL STNGUIDE
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL
ENTRY SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST 0.50 186.60

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 10:25:33 ON 30 APR 2009
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FILE CONTAINS CURRENT INFORMATION.
LAST RELOADED: Apr 24, 2009 (20090424/UP).

=> s 14 not (2009/so or 2008/so or 2007/so or 2006/so or 2005/so)
COMBINATION OF STRUCTURE AND TEXT TERMS NOT VALID
The query entered contains both search terms created by structure-building or screen commands and text search terms. L#s created via the STRUCTURE or SCREEN commands must be searched in the structures files separately from text terms or profiles. The L# answer sets from structure searches can be used in crossover searches and can be combined with text terms.

=> fil cap1
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL
ENTRY SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST 0.07 186.67

10551569

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:26:25 ON 30 APR 2009
USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 30 Apr 2009 VOL 150 ISS 18
FILE LAST UPDATED: 29 Apr 2009 (20090429/ED)

Caplus now includes complete International Patent Classification (IPC) reclassification data for the third quarter of 2008.

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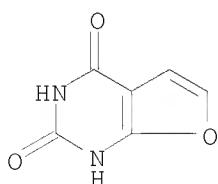
This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

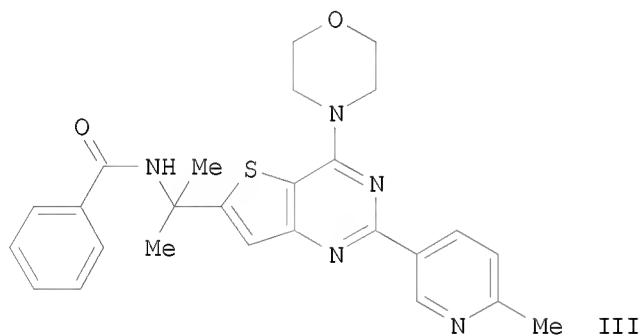
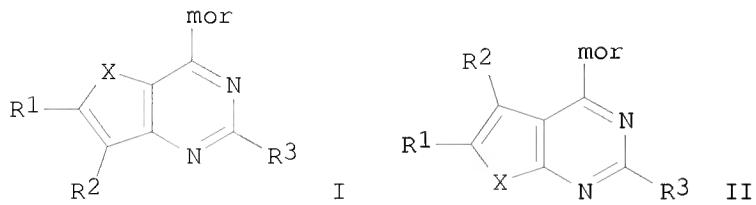
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      929127 2008/SO
      993809 2007/SO
      949806 2006/SO
      885676 2005/SO
L5          42 L4 NOT (2009/SO OR 2008/SO OR 2007/SO OR 2006/SO OR 2005/SO)

=> d 15 ibib hitstr abs 1-42
```

L5 ANSWER 1 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008:735944 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 149:79634
 TITLE: Thienopyrimidine and furopyrimidine derivatives as phosphoinositide 3-kinase inhibitor and their preparation, pharmaceutical compositions and use in the treatment of cancer
 INVENTOR(S): Castanedo, Georgette; Dotson, Jennafer; Goldsmith, Richard; Gunzner, Janet; Heffron, Tim; Mathieu, Simon; Olivero, Alan; Staben, Steven; Sutherlin, Daniel P.; Tsui, Vickie; Wang, Shumei; Zhu, Bing-Yan; Bayliss, Tracy; Chuckowree, Irina; Folkes, Adrian; Wan, Nan Chi
 GENENTECH, Inc., USA; Piramed Limited
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 342pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| WO 2008073785 | A2 | 20080619 | WO 2007-US86533 | 20071205 |
| WO 2008073785 | A3 | 20080828 | | |
| W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BH, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DO, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LY, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW | | | | |
| RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AP, EA, EP, OA | | | | |
| US 20080269210 | A1 | 20081030 | US 2007-951189 | 20071205 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | US 2006-873422P | P 20061207 |
| OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 149:79634 | | | | |
| IT 612066-45-2, Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidine-2,4(1H,3H)-dione | | | | |
| RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) | | | | |
| (starting material; preparation of thienopyrimidine and furopyrimidine derivs. as phosphoinositide 3 kinase inhibitors useful in the treatment of cancer) | | | | |
| RN 612066-45-2 CAPLUS | | | | |
| CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidine-2,4(1H,3H)-dione (CA INDEX NAME) | | | | |





AB Compds. of formulas I and II, including stereoisomers, geometric isomers, tautomers, solvates, metabolites and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, are useful for modulating the activity of lipid kinases including PI3K, and for treating disorders such as cancer mediated by lipid kinases. Methods of using compds. of formula I and II for in vitro, in situ, and in vivo diagnosis, prevention or treatment of such disorders in mammalian cells, or associated pathol. conditions, are disclosed. Compds. of formula I and II wherein X is O and S; R1 is H, F, Cl, Br, I, C-(C1-6 alkyl)2-NH2 and derivs., etc.; R2 is H, F, CL, Br, I, C6-20 aryl, C1-20 heteroaryl, C1-6 alkyl, C2-8 alkenyl, and C2-8 alkynyl; R3 is (un)substituted monocyclic heteroaryl; mor is morpholine; and their stereoisomers, geometric isomers, tautomers, metabolites and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, are claimed. Example compound III was prepared by a general procedure (procedure given). All the invention compds. were evaluated for their PI3K inhibitory activity.

L5 ANSWER 2 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008:733417 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 149:79628
 TITLE: Preparation of heterocyclic compounds for use in anticancer pharmaceutical compositions which inhibit tubulin polymerization
 INVENTOR(S): Flynn, Bernard Luke; Chaplin, Jason Hugh; Paul, Dharam; Grobelny, Damian Wojciech; Kelly, Brian
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Bionomics Limited, Australia
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 115pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| WO 2008070908 | A1 | 20080619 | WO 2007-AU1908 | 20071211 |
| W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BH, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DO, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LY, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW | | | | |
| RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM | | | | |

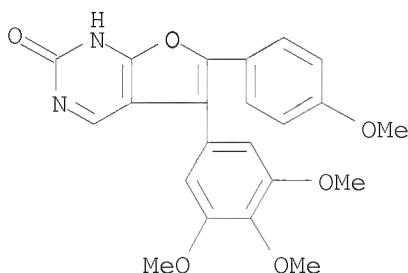
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2006-874125P P 20061211

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 149:79628

IT 1033609-72-1P, 6-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-5-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2(1H)-one 1033609-76-5P
 1033609-78-7P 1033609-81-2P 1033609-87-8P
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)
 (preparation of heterocyclic compds. for use in anticancer pharmaceutical compns. which inhibit tubulin polymerization and cancer cell proliferation)

RN 1033609-72-1 CAPLUS

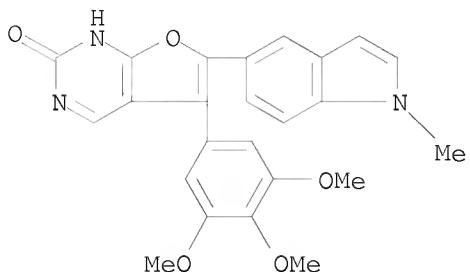
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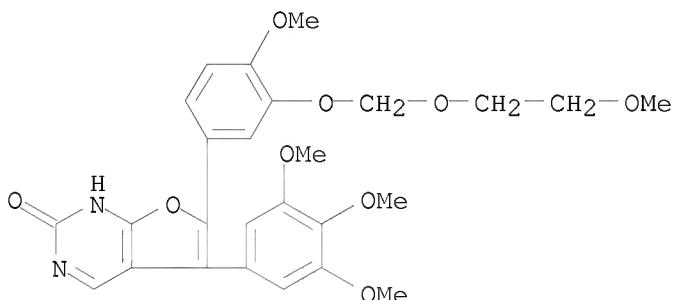
RN 1033609-76-5 CAPLUS

CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2(1H)-one, 6-(1-methyl-1H-indol-5-yl)-5-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



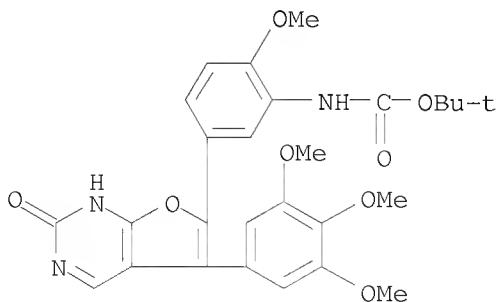
RN 1033609-78-7 CAPLUS

CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2(1H)-one, 6-[4-methoxy-3-[(2-methoxyethoxy)methoxy]phenyl]-5-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 1033609-81-2 CAPLUS

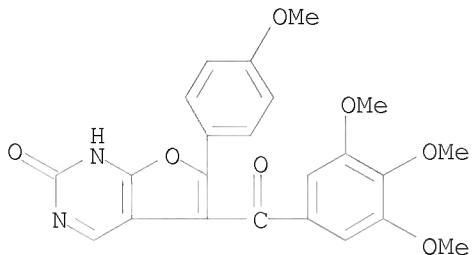
CN Carbamic acid, N-[5-[1,2-dihydro-2-oxo-5-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl]-2-methoxyphenyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 1033609-87-8 CAPLUS

CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2(1H)-one, 6-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-(3,4,5-

trimethoxybenzoyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



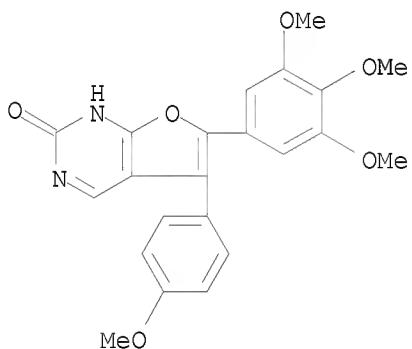
IT 1033609-74-3P 1033609-75-4P 1033609-77-6P
 1033609-79-8P 1033609-80-1P 1033609-82-3P
 1033609-86-7P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of heterocyclic compds. for use in anticancer pharmaceutical compns. which inhibit tubulin polymerization and cancer cell proliferation)

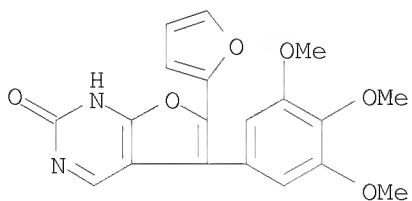
RN 1033609-74-3 CAPLUS

CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2(1H)-one, 5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-6-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 1033609-75-4 CAPLUS

CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2(1H)-one, 6-(2-furanyl)-5-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

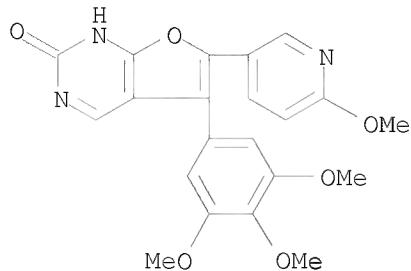


RN 1033609-77-6 CAPLUS

CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2(1H)-one, 6-(6-methoxy-3-pyridinyl)-5-(3,4,5-

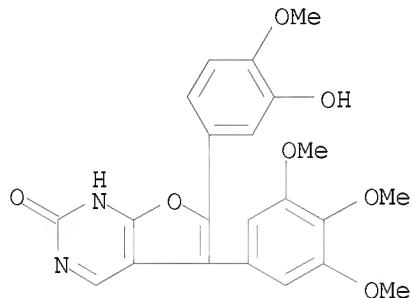
10551569

trimethoxyphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



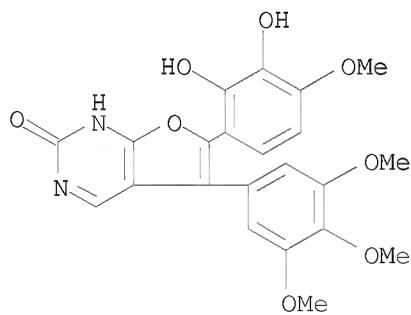
RN 1033609-79-8 CAPLUS

CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2(1H)-one, 6-(3-hydroxy-4-methoxyphenyl)-5-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



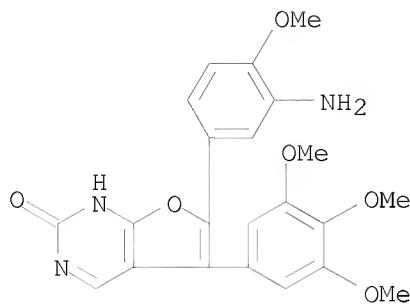
RN 1033609-80-1 CAPLUS

CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2(1H)-one, 6-(2,3-dihydroxy-4-methoxyphenyl)-5-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 1033609-82-3 CAPLUS

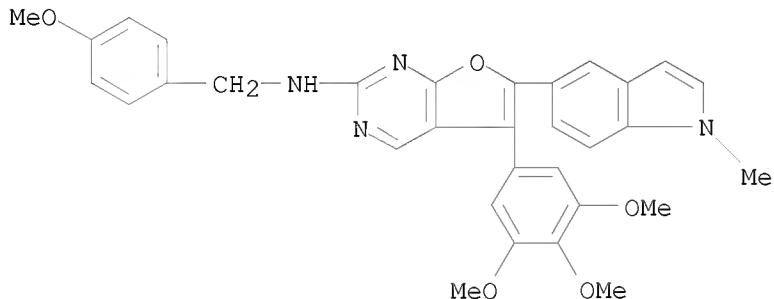
CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2(1H)-one, 6-(3-amino-4-methoxyphenyl)-5-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)-, hydrochloride (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)



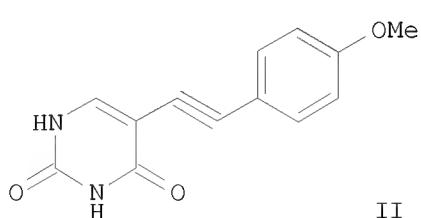
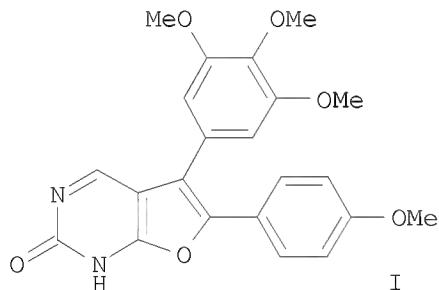
● HCl

RN 1033609-86-7 CAPLUS

CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-amine, N-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-6-(1-methyl-1H-indol-5-yl)-5-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



GI



AB Heterocyclic compds., such as 6-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2(1H)-one (I), were prepared for therapeutic use as anticancer agents. Thus, heterocycle I was prepared via a coupling reaction with 83% yield of 5-iodouracil with HC.tpbond.CC6H4-4-OMe in EtOAc followed by a cyclization reaction of the

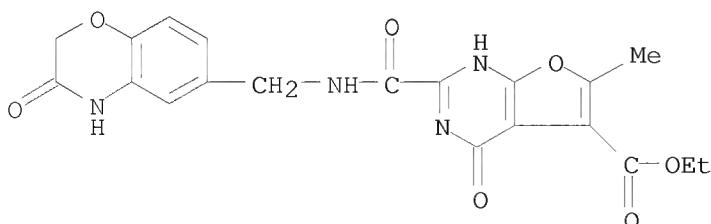
10551569

resulting coupled intermediate II with 5-iodo-1,2,3-trimethoxybenzene using Pd(PPh₃)₄ in DMSO to give the desired heterocycle with 83% yield for the cyclization step. The prepared heterocycles were tested for inhibition of tubulin polymerization and for inhibition of proliferation of activated HUVEC cells.

REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 3 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008:639952 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 149:10034
 TITLE: Preparation of heterobicyclic metalloprotease inhibitors
 INVENTOR(S): Gege, Christian; Schneider, Matthias; Chevrier, Carine; Deng, Hongbo; Sucholeiki, Irving; Gallagher, Brian M., Jr.; Bosies, Michael; Steeneck, Christoph; Wu, Xinyuan; Hochguertel, Matthias; Nolte, Bert; Taveras, Arthur
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Alantos Pharmaceuticals Holding, Inc., USA
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 190pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
 PATENT INFORMATION:

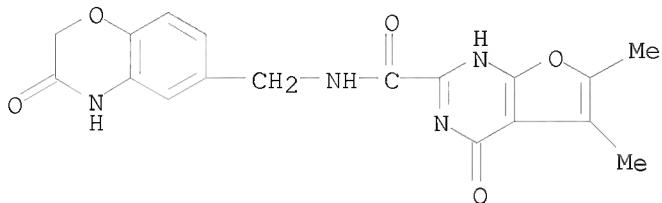
| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| WO 2008063668 | A1 | 20080529 | WO 2007-US24363 | 20071120 |
| W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BH, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DO, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LY, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW | | | | |
| RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM | | | | |
| US 20080207607 | A1 | 20080828 | US 2007-986603 | 20071120 |
| US 20080261968 | A1 | 20081023 | US 2007-986626 | 20071120 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | US 2006-860195P | P 20061120 |
| OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 149:10034 | | | | |
| IT 1029419-49-5P 1029419-53-1P | | | | |
| RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) | | | | |
| (preparation of heterobicyclic metalloprotease inhibitors) | | | | |
| RN 1029419-49-5 CAPLUS | | | | |
| CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid, 2-[[[(3,4-dihydro-3-oxo-2H-1,4-benzoxazin-6-yl)methyl]amino]carbonyl]-3,4-dihydro-6-methyl-4-oxo-, ethyl ester (CA INDEX NAME) | | | | |



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RN 1029419-53-1 CAPLUS

CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidine-2-carboxamide,
N-[(3,4-dihydro-3-oxo-2H-1,4-benzoxazin-6-yl)methyl]-3,4-dihydro-5,6-
dimethyl-4-oxo- (CA INDEX NAME)

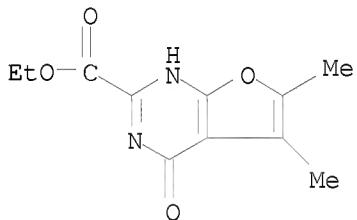


IT 733784-60-6P 1029420-27-6P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
(Reactant or reagent)
(preparation of heterobicyclic metalloprotease inhibitors)

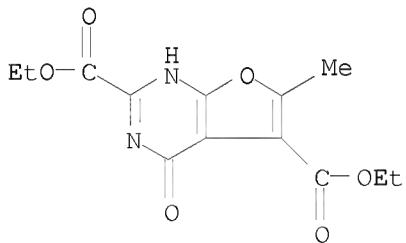
RN 733784-60-6 CAPLUS

CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidine-2-carboxylic acid, 3,4-dihydro-5,6-dimethyl-4-oxo-,
ethyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

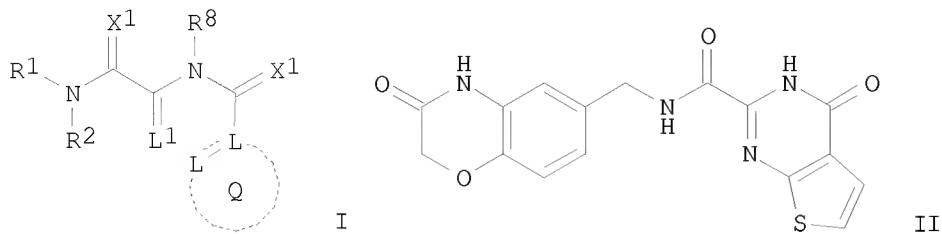


RN 1029420-27-6 CAPLUS

CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidine-2,5-dicarboxylic acid, 3,4-dihydro-6-methyl-4-oxo-,
2,5-diethyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



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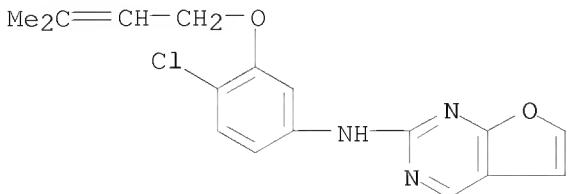
AB The present invention relates generally to azabicyclic containing pharmaceutical agents, and in particular, to azabicyclic metalloprotease inhibiting compds. More particularly, the present invention provides a new class of azabicyclic MMP-3, MMP-8 and/or MMP-13 inhibiting compds. I [R1 = (hetero)cycloalkyl fused aryl, (hetero)cycloalkyl fused heteroaryl, (hetero)cycloalkyl fused arylalkyl, (hetero)cycloalkyl fused heteroarylalkyl; R2 = H, alkyl; or NR1R2 = 3-8 membered ring containing C atoms and optionally a heteroatom selected from O, S(O)x or NR50; R8 = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, etc.; R9 = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, etc.; R10 = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, etc.; R50 = H, alkyl, aryl, etc.; X1 = O, S, NR10, etc.; L1 = CR9, N; L = C and N, with the proviso that both L are not N, and that the bond between L1 and L is optionally a double bond only if both L are C atoms; Q = (un)substituted 4-8 membered (hetero)cycloalkyl or 5-6 membered (hetero)aryl; x = 0-2], which exhibit an increased potency and selectivity in relation to currently known MMP-13, MMP-8 and MMP-3 inhibitors. Preparation of compds. I was described in many examples. E.g., a multi-step synthesis of II, starting from Me 2-aminothiophene-3-carboxylate and Et cyanoacetate, was described. Compds. I were tested against different metalloproteases (data given for representative compds. I). For example, II showed IC50 lower than 100 nM when tested against MMP-13. Pharmaceutical compns. comprising compound I, alone or in combination with other therapeutic agents, are disclosed.

REFERENCE COUNT: 12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

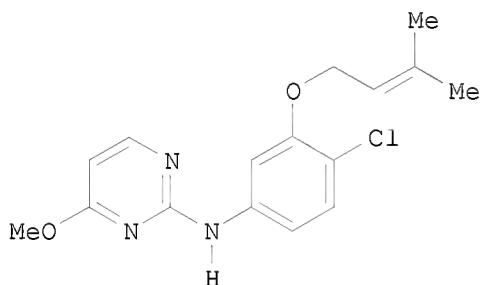
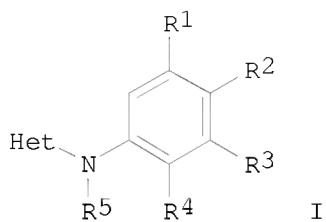
L5 ANSWER 4 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:385257 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:401679
 TITLE: Aniline derivatives as antiviral and anticancer agents, their preparation, pharmaceutical compositions, and use in therapy
 INVENTOR(S): Jorgensen, William L.; Ruiz-Caro, Julian; Hamilton, Andrew D.
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Yale University, USA
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 93pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| WO 2007038387 | A2 | 20070405 | WO 2006-US37173 | 20060925 |
| WO 2007038387 | A3 | 20071011 | | |
| W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
GE, GH, GM, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP,
KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN,
MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS,
RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,
UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW | | | | |
| RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ,
CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,
GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AP, EA, EP, OA | | | | |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | US 2005-720307P | P 20050923 |
| | | | US 2005-730934P | P 20051027 |
| | | | US 2006-781486P | P 20060309 |
| | | | US 2006-836723P | P 20060810 |
| | | | US 2006-842901P | P 20060907 |

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 146:401679
 IT 918340-49-5P
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (drug candidate; preparation of aniline derivs. useful in the treatment of viral infections and cancers)
 RN 918340-49-5 CAPLUS
 CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-amine, N-[4-chloro-3-[(3-methyl-2-buten-1-yl)oxy]phenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



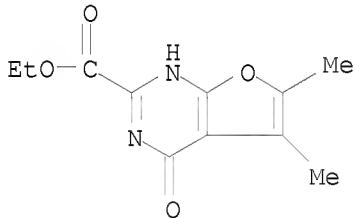
GI



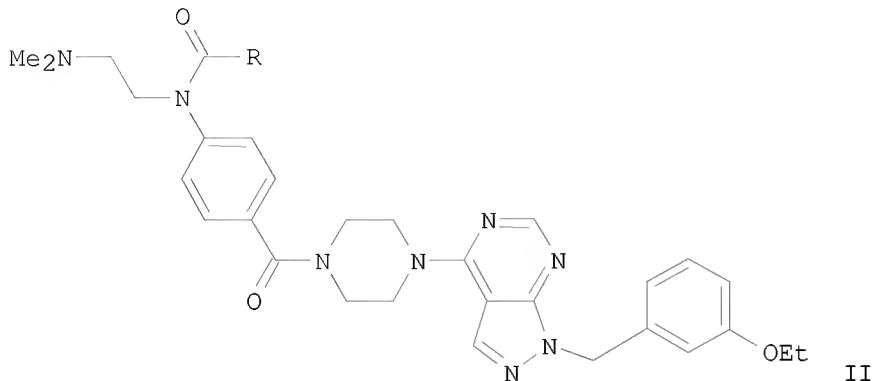
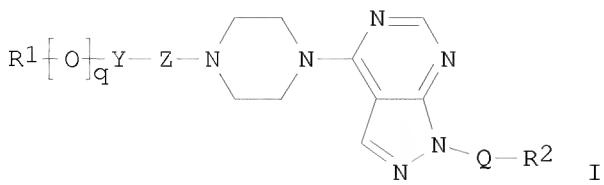
AB The invention relates to anilines of formula I, which may be used to treat viral infections and/or cancer. In compds. I, Het is (un)substituted heterocyclyl, which may be monocyclic or a fused ring system having two or three rings; R1 is OR6, (un)substituted saturated or unsatd. C4-12 carbocyclic group, or (un)substituted heterocyclyl, where R6 is (un)substituted C1-14 hydrocarbyl group or (un)substituted 5- to 14-membered heterocyclyl group; R2, R3, and R4 are independently selected from H, halo, cyano, nitro, OR7, (un)substituted C1-4 alkyl, C1-6 alkylthio, C1-6 thioester, (un)substituted CO2R7, (un)substituted C(O)R7, and (un)substituted OC(O)R7, where R7 is H or (un)substituted C1-6 alkyl; and R5 is H or optionally hydroxy-substituted C1-3 alkyl; including pharmaceutically acceptable salts, solvates, or polymorphs thereof. The invention also relates to the preparation of I, pharmaceutical compns. comprising an effective amount of a compound I, optionally in combination with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, additive, or excipient, as well as to the use of the compns. for the treatment of viral infections and/or cancer. Diazotization of 2-amino-5-nitrophenol followed by chlorination and hydrogenation gave 5-amino-2-chlorophenol, which underwent substitution with 2-chloro-4-methoxypyrimidine and O-alkylation with dimethylallyl bromide to give aniline II. The compds. of the invention show antiviral and antitumor activity, e.g., compound II expressed EC50 of 10 nM and IC50 of 9.0 μ M for anti-HIV activity.

L5 ANSWER 5 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:192756 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:274288
 TITLE: Preparation of pyrazolopyrimidine compounds as SK channel blockers
 INVENTOR(S): Takamuro, Iwao; Sekine, Yasuo; Tsuboi, Yasunori; Noshiro, Hiroshi; Taniguchi, Hiroyuki
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Tanabe Seiyaku Co., Ltd., Japan
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 298 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|--|---|------------|-----------------|------------|
| JP 2006056884 | A | 20060302 | JP 2005-210978 | 20050721 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | JP 2004-216519 | A 20040723 |
| OTHER SOURCE(S): | MARPAT | 144:274288 | | |
| IT 733784-60-6P | RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation of pyrazolopyrimidine compds. as SK channel blockers for treatment of irritable bowel disease, Alzheimer type-dementia, etc.) | | | |
| RN 733784-60-6 CAPLUS | | | | |
| CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidine-2-carboxylic acid, 3,4-dihydro-5,6-dimethyl-4-oxo-, ethyl ester (CA INDEX NAME) | | | | |



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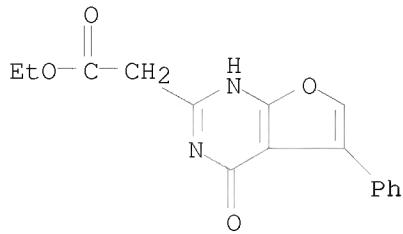


AB Title compds. I [R1 = substituted aryl, (un)substituted aliphatic heteromonocycle containing N, substituted cycloalkyl, etc.; R2 = (un)substituted heteroaryl, (un)substituted aryl; Y = single bond, alkylene, alkenylene; Z = -CO-, -CH2-, -SO2-, etc.; Q = alkylene; q = 0, 1] were prepared. For example, hydrolysis of 4-[N-(cyclopropylcarbonyl)-N-[2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]amino]benzoic acid Et ester, e.g., prepared from 4-fluorobenzoic acid Et ester in 3 steps, followed by EDCI mediated amidation with 1-(3-ethoxybenzyl)-4-piperazin-1-yl-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-d]pyrimidine·2HCl afforded compound II [R = cyclopropyl]. In 125I-apamin binding inhibition assays, IC50 value of compound II [R = methyl] hydrochloride was 0.06 μM . Compds. I are claimed useful for the treatment of irritable bowel disease, Alzheimer type-dementia, etc.

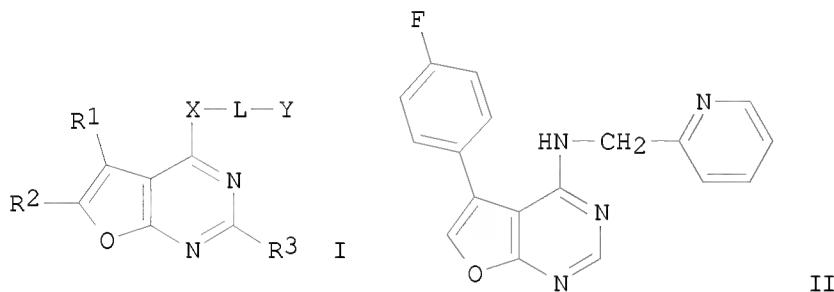
L5 ANSWER 6 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1335122 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:69849
 TITLE: Preparation of furanopyrimidine derivatives effective
 as potassium channel inhibitors
 INVENTOR(S): Ford, John; Palmer, Nicholas John; Atherall, John
 Frederick; Madge, David John
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Xention Discovery Limited, UK
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 48 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---|------|----------|------------------|------------|
| WO 2005121149 | A1 | 20051222 | WO 2005-GB2318 | 20050610 |
| W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ,
LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA,
NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK,
SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU,
ZA, ZM, ZW | | | | |
| RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM,
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EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT,
RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML,
MR, NE, SN, TD, TG | | | | |
| AU 2005252440 | A1 | 20051222 | AU 2005-252440 | 20050610 |
| CA 2568304 | A1 | 20051222 | CA 2005-2568304 | 20050610 |
| US 20050282829 | A1 | 20051222 | US 2005-148991 | 20050610 |
| US 7456187 | B2 | 20081125 | | |
| EP 1758909 | A1 | 20070307 | EP 2005-751879 | 20050610 |
| R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR | | | | |
| CN 1964978 | A | 20070516 | CN 2005-80018876 | 20050610 |
| BR 2005011917 | A | 20080115 | BR 2005-11917 | 20050610 |
| JP 2008501773 | T | 20080124 | JP 2007-526555 | 20050610 |
| IN 2006DN07134 | A | 20070824 | IN 2006-DN7134 | 20061127 |
| MX 2006014256 | A | 20070312 | MX 2006-14256 | 20061207 |
| KR 2007055486 | A | 20070530 | KR 2007-700590 | 20070109 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | | |
| | | | GB 2004-12986 | A 20040610 |
| | | | US 2004-578350P | P 20040610 |
| | | | WO 2005-GB2318 | W 20050610 |

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 144:69849; MARPAT 144:69849
 IT 871815-00-8P, Ethyl 2-(4-oxo-5-phenyl-3,4-dihydrofuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)acetate
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
 (Reactant or reagent)
 (preparation of furano[2,3-d]pyrimidine derivs. effective as potassium
 channel inhibitors)
 RN 871815-00-8 CAPLUS
 CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidine-2-acetic acid, 3,4-dihydro-4-oxo-5-phenyl-, ethyl
 ester (CA INDEX NAME)



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AB Title compds. represented by the formula I [wherein R₁ = (hetero)aryl or (cyclo)alkyl; R₂ = H, alkyl, nitro, CO₂R₇, amide or halo; R₃ = H, (un)substituted amino, NC(O)R₈, halo, etc.; X = O, S or NR₆; R₆ = H or alkyl; R₇ = H, Me or ethyl; R₈ = Me or ethyl; L = (CH₂)_n; n = 1-3; Y = aryl, heterocyclyl, (cyclo)alkyl or alkenyl; and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof] were prepared as potassium channel inhibitors. For example, II was provided in a multi-step synthesis starting from 4-fluoroacetophenone. I were tested for potassium channel inhibitory in Kv1.5 autopatch electrophysiol. Thus, I and their pharmaceutical compns. are useful prepared as potassium channel inhibitors for the treatment of arrhythmia (no data).

REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

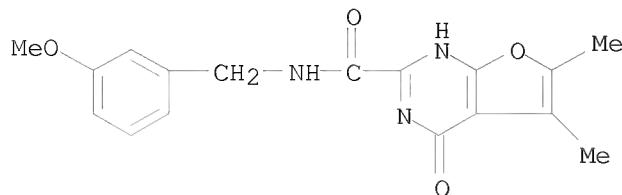
L5 ANSWER 7 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1193013 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:460174
 TITLE: Preparation of heterocyclic amides as MMP-13 inhibitors for treating osteoarthritis and rheumatoid arthritis
 INVENTOR(S): Terauchi, Jun; Kuno, Haruhiko; Nara, Hiroshi; Oki, Hideyuki; Sato, Kenjiro
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Takeda Pharmaceutical Company Limited, Japan
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 455 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---|------|----------|------------------|------------|
| WO 2005105760 | A1 | 20051110 | WO 2005-JP8549 | 20050428 |
| W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ,
LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA,
NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL,
SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA,
ZM, ZW | | | | |
| RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM,
AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK,
EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT,
RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML,
MR, NE, SN, TD, TG | | | | |
| AU 2005238386 | A1 | 20051110 | AU 2005-238386 | 20050428 |
| CA 2564085 | A1 | 20051110 | CA 2005-2564085 | 20050428 |
| EP 1740551 | A1 | 20070110 | EP 2005-739012 | 20050428 |
| R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, AL, BA,
HR, LV, MK, YU | | | | |
| CN 1976907 | A | 20070606 | CN 2005-80021727 | 20050428 |
| BR 2005010305 | A | 20071002 | BR 2005-10305 | 20050428 |
| JP 2007535488 | T | 20071206 | JP 2006-540833 | 20050428 |
| MX 2006012333 | A | 20070117 | MX 2006-12333 | 20061025 |
| US 20080027050 | A1 | 20080131 | US 2006-579298 | 20061030 |
| IN 2006KN03427 | A | 20070615 | IN 2006-KN3427 | 20061120 |
| KR 2007008709 | A | 20070117 | KR 2006-724701 | 20061124 |
| NO 2006005537 | A | 20070129 | NO 2006-5537 | 20061130 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | JP 2004-135596 | A 20040430 |
| | | | WO 2005-JP8549 | W 20050428 |

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 143:460174; MARPAT 143:460174
 IT 869297-39-2P, 5,6-Dimethyl-N-[(3-(methoxy)phenyl)methyl]-4-oxo-
 3,4-dihydrofuro[2,3-d]pyrimidine-2-carboxamide
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU
 (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES
 (Uses)
 (drug candidate; preparation of heterocyclic amides as MMP-13 inhibitors for
 treating osteoarthritis and rheumatoid arthritis)
 RN 869297-39-2 CAPLUS
 CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidine-2-carboxamide,

10551569

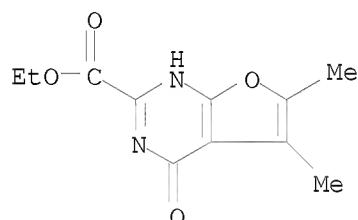
3,4-dihydro-N-[(3-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-5,6-dimethyl-4-oxo- (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 733784-60-6P, Ethyl 5,6-dimethyl-4-oxo-3,4-dihydrofuro[2,3-d]pyrimidine-2-carboxylate 869299-65-0P,
5,6-Dimethyl-4-oxo-3,4-dihydrofuro[2,3-d]pyrimidine-2-carboxylic acid
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(intermediate; preparation of heterocyclic amides as MMP-13 inhibitors for treating osteoarthritis and rheumatoid arthritis)

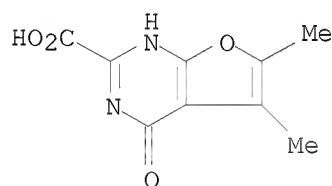
RN 733784-60-6 CAPLUS

CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidine-2-carboxylic acid, 3,4-dihydro-5,6-dimethyl-4-oxo-, ethyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

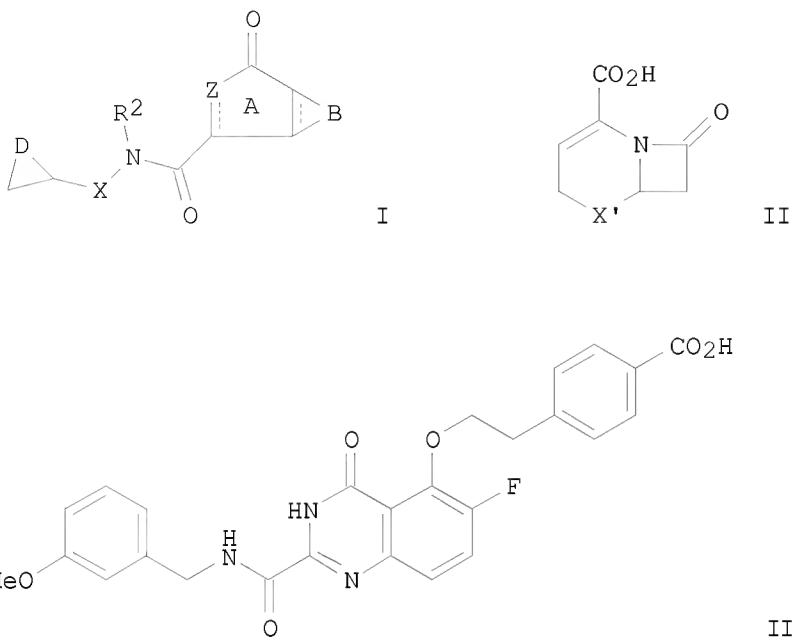


RN 869299-65-0 CAPLUS

CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidine-2-carboxylic acid, 3,4-dihydro-5,6-dimethyl-4-oxo- (CA INDEX NAME)



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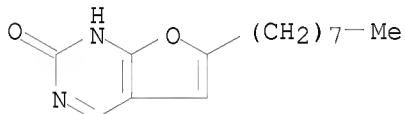


AB The invention is related to the preparation of heterocyclic amides of formula I [A = (un)substituted N-containing heterocycle; B = (un)substituted monocyclic homocycle or heterocycle; Z = N, NH and derivs.; R2 = H, (un)substituted hydrocarbyl; X = (un)substituted spacer; D = (un)substituted heterocycle other than II; X' = S, O, SO, CH2; and at least one of B and C has substituent(s); with the exception of 2 compds.; their salts, and their prodrugs] having a matrix metalloproteinase, particularly MMP-13, inhibitory activity. Thus, reacting 5,6-difluoro-N-[3-(methyloxy)phenyl]methyl]-4-oxo-3,4-dihydroquinazoline-2-carboxamide (preparation given) with 4-(2-hydroxyethyl)benzoic acid gave amide III in 70% yield. III displayed an inhibitory rate of 99% towards MMP-13 activity. I are useful for treating osteoarthritis and rheumatoid arthritis.

REFERENCE COUNT: 12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

10551569

L5 ANSWER 8 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:30431 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:348100
TITLE: Non-nucleoside structures retain full anti-HCMV
potency of the dideoxy furanopyrimidine family
AUTHOR(S): Bidet, Olivier; McGuigan, Christopher; Snoeck, Robert;
Andrei, Graciela; De Clercq, Erik; Balzarini, Jan
CORPORATE SOURCE: Welsh School of Pharmacy, Cardiff University, Cardiff,
UK
SOURCE: Antiviral Chemistry & Chemotherapy (2004), 15(6),
329-332
CODEN: ACCHEH; ISSN: 0956-3202
PUBLISHER: International Medical Press
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
IT 473000-26-9
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic
use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(non-nucleoside structures retain full anti-HCMV potency of dideoxy
furanopyrimidine family)
RN 473000-26-9 CAPLUS
CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2(1H)-one, 6-octyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



AB We have recently reported that 2',3'dideoxy analogs of our exquisitely potent anti-VZV furanopyrimidine deoxynucleosides are shifted to selective anti-HCMV agents. We now find that the fully deoxygenated 2',3',5'-trideoxy analog is fully antivirally active. This is taken as proof that these agents act by a novel non-nucleoside mechanism of action.

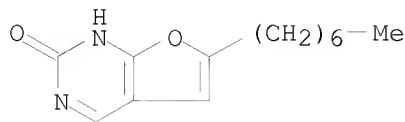
REFERENCE COUNT: 10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 9 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:965257 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:410952
 TITLE: Heterocyclic compounds, specifically 3,6-disubstituted 3H-furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-ones and 2,6-disubstituted furo[2,3-d]pyrimidines, for use as novel nucleoside analogs and antivirals in the treatment of viral infections, particularly cytomegalovirus
 INVENTOR(S): McGuigan, Christopher; Balzarini, Jan; De Clercq, Erik
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): University College Cardiff Consultants Limited, UK; Rega Foundation
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 62 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

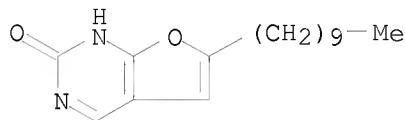
| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| WO 2004096813 | A1 | 20041111 | WO 2004-GB1687 | 20040421 |
| W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW | | | | |
| RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG | | | | |
| AU 2004234110 | A1 | 20041111 | AU 2004-234110 | 20040421 |
| EP 1622913 | A1 | 20060208 | EP 2004-728594 | 20040421 |
| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, PL, SK | | | | |
| JP 2006524672 | T | 20061102 | JP 2006-506149 | 20040421 |
| MX 2005010802 | A | 20051214 | MX 2005-10802 | 20051007 |
| US 20070191373 | A1 | 20070816 | US 2006-551569 | 20061013 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | GB 2003-9506 | A 20030425 |
| | | | WO 2004-GB1687 | W 20040421 |

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 141:410952
 IT 791782-75-7P, 6-Heptyl-3H-furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-one
 791782-89-3P, 6-Decyl-2,3-dihydrofuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-one
 791783-16-9P, 6-Hexyl-2,3-dihydrofuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-one
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (intermediate; preparation of fuopyrimidinones and fuopyrimidines as antivirals, particularly for cytomegalovirus)
 RN 791782-75-7 CAPLUS
 CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2(3H)-one, 6-heptyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

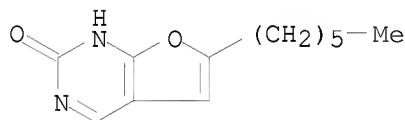
10551569



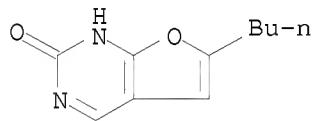
RN 791782-89-3 CAPLUS
CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2(3H)-one, 6-decyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



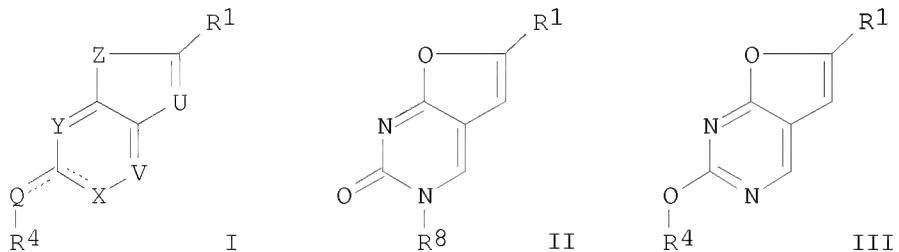
RN 791783-16-9 CAPLUS
CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2(3H)-one, 6-hexyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 473450-34-9, 6-Butyl-3H-furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-one
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(starting material; preparation of fuopyrimidinones and fuopyrimidines as
antivirals, particularly for cytomegalovirus)
RN 473450-34-9 CAPLUS
CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2(1H)-one, 6-butyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



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AB The title compds. I, which include both

6-substituted-3-substituted-3H-furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-ones II and 6-substituted-2-substituted-furo[2,3-d]pyrimidines III, are novel compds. useful in the treatment of viral infection, in particular by cytomegalovirus (CMV). In compds. I, R1 and R4 are independently alkyl, aryl, alkenyl and alkynyl (the preferred 6-substituent is alkyl); Z is O, NH, S, Se, NR5, (CH₂)1-10, or CT2 where T is independently H, alkyl, or halo, and R5 is alkyl, alkenyl or aryl; Y is N, CH, or CR6 where R6 is alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl or aryl; Q is O, S, NH, N-alkyl, CH₂, CH-alkyl, or C(alkyl)2; U is N or CR2, where R2 is H, alkyl, halo, (di)(alkyl)amino, nitro, cyano, alkoxy, aryloxy, thiol, alkylthiol, arylthiol, or aryl; V is N or CR3, where R3 is H, alkyl, halo, alkyloxy, aryloxy, or aryl. When a double bond exists between X and the ring atom to which Q is attached, and Q is linked to the ring moiety by a single bond, then X is selected from N, CH and CR7, where R7 is selected from alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl and aryl. When a double bond links Q to the ring moiety, and a single bond exists between X and the ring atom to which Q is attached, then R4 does not exist and X is NR8, where R8 is alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl or aryl; except that when Y is N, R8 is not an alkyl or alkenyl group which is substituted at the fourth atom of the chain of said alkyl or alkenyl group (counted along the shortest route away from the ring moiety including any heteroatom present in said chain) by a member selected from OH, phosphate, diphosphate, triphosphate, phosphonate, diphasphonate, triphosphonate and pharmacol. acceptable salts, derivs. and prodrugs thereof. The invention also includes pharmacol. acceptable salts, derivs. and prodrugs of compds. I. In particular, the invention provides novel compds. not requiring phosphorylation for biol. activity. Surprisingly the dideoxysugar in prior art compds. known from WO 01/85749 can be replaced by an alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl or aryl moiety that does not require phosphorylation for biol. activity, and hence does not require the hydroxy or any groups on the, for example, alkyl C-4 atom deemed necessary for phosphorylation. I present a number of advantages over existing agents for human CMV (HCMV): (1) novel non-nucleoside structure and possibly novel mechanism of action; (2) antiviral activity at non-cytotoxic concns.; (3) lack of cross resistance with existing nucleoside drugs; (4) useful physiochem. properties such as high lipophilicity; (5) lead structures have calculated logP (ClogP) values of Ca. 4-6. The high lipophilicity of the present compds. may lead to improved in vivo dosing, tissue distribution, and pharmacokinetics. In a preliminary rodent trial, III (R1 = C₇H₁₅ and R4 = cyclopentyl) (IV) displayed significant bioavailability and half life following i.p. dosing. Moreover at a dose as high as 50 mg/kg/day for 10 days, no visible in vivo toxicity was noted, indicating a promising toxicol. profile. Histol. also revealed no detectable toxicity against brain, thymus, liver, lungs, kidney, breast, testes, ovum and spleen tissue. I can be sufficiently lipophilic to warrant their formulation and use as non-p.o. dosage forms, including topical, transdermal, and ocular formulations. The latter may be of particular value vs. HCMV retinitis, common in persons co-infected with HIV. The agents would therein have significant dosing, tissue localization and toxicol. advantage over current agents. The lack of chirality in structures embodying the present invention distinguishes them from typical nucleoside antivirals, with possible costs of goods and ease of synthesis advantage. Approx. 40 compds. were prepared and tested against two strains of CMV. For instance, 5-iodouracil was coupled with 1-hexyne using Pd(PPh₃)₄ and CuI in DMF in the presence of DIPEA at room temperature.

The

product was cyclized in situ after addition of addnl. CuI and Et₃N and refluxing, giving 6-heptyl-3H-furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-one. Alkylation of this compound with cyclopentyl bromide and K₂CO₃ in DMF gave both 20% II (R1

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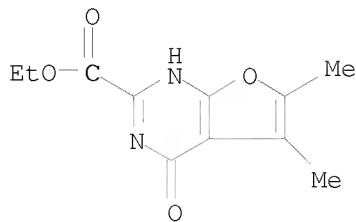
= heptyl, R8 = cyclopentyl) and 51% III (R1 = heptyl, R4 = cyclopentyl), i.e., IV. In tests for inhibition of cytopathicity of CMV strains AD169 and Davis in human embryonic lung fibroblasts, these 2 compds. had resp. EC50 values of 5 and 3 μ M against AD169 and 4 and 5 against Davis.

REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

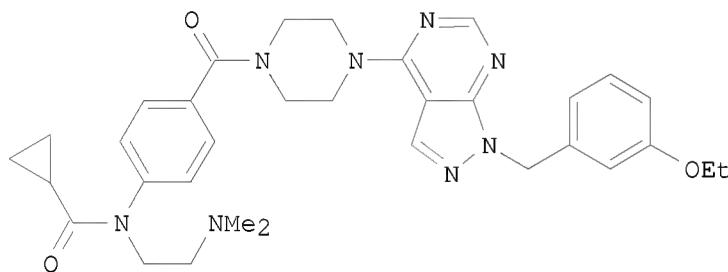
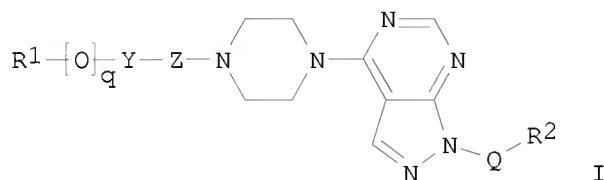
L5 ANSWER 10 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:633436 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:174191
 TITLE: Preparation of pyrazolopyrimidines as a small conductance potassium channel (SK channel) blocking agents
 INVENTOR(S): Takamuro, Iwao; Sekine, Yasuo; Tsuboi, Yasunori; Nogi, Kouji; Taniguchi, Hiroyuki
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Tanabe Seiyaku Co., Ltd., Japan
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 306 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|--|------|----------|------------------|-------------|
| WO 2004064721 | A2 | 20040805 | WO 2004-JP617 | 20040123 |
| WO 2004064721 | A3 | 20040923 | | |
| W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK,
LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO | | | | |
| JP 2005162726 | A | 20050623 | JP 2004-14376 | 20040122 |
| EP 1585481 | A2 | 20051019 | EP 2004-704773 | 20040123 |
| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK | | | | |
| CN 1742013 | A | 20060301 | CN 2004-80002601 | 20040123 |
| CN 100345853 | C | 20071031 | | |
| EP 1857459 | A2 | 20071121 | EP 2007-15684 | 20040123 |
| EP 1857459 | A3 | 20071128 | | |
| R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, AL, LT, LV, MK | | | | |
| US 20060135525 | A1 | 20060622 | US 2005-542081 | 20050713 |
| US 7384952 | B2 | 20080610 | | |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | | |
| | | | JP 2003-16770 | A 20030124 |
| | | | JP 2003-205341 | A 20030801 |
| | | | JP 2003-385399 | A 20031114 |
| | | | EP 2004-704773 | A3 20040123 |
| | | | WO 2004-JP617 | W 20040123 |

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 141:174191
 IT 733784-60-6P, Ethyl 5,6-dimethyl-4-oxo-3,4-dihydrofuro[2,3-d]pyrimidine-2-carboxylate
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (preparation of pyrazolopyrimidines as a small conductance potassium channel (SK channel) blocking agents)
 RN 733784-60-6 CAPLUS
 CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidine-2-carboxylic acid, 3,4-dihydro-5,6-dimethyl-4-oxo-, ethyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



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II

AB The title compds. [I; R^1 = substituted aryl, (un)substituted nitrogen-containing aliphatic heteromonocyclic, substituted cycloalkyl, (un)substituted amino, or substituted heteroaryl; R^2 = (un)substituted (hetero)aryl; Y = a single bond, alkylene or alkenylene; Z = CO , CH_2 , $\text{S}(\text{O})_2$, $\text{C}(\text{O})\text{N}(\text{CN})$; Q = alkylene; q = 0-1] and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, which have a small conductance potassium channel (SK channel) blocking activity, were prepared. Thus, treating Et 4-{N-(cyclopropylcarbonyl)-N-[2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]amino}benzoate (preparation given) with 2N NaOH solution followed by treatment with 2N HCl,

and

the reaction of the resulting acid with 1-(3-ethoxybenzyl)-4-(piperazin-1-yl)-1*H*-pyrazol[3,4-d]pyrimidin dihydrochloride afforded 84% II which showed an excellent apamin-binding inhibitory activity (IC_{50} of 0.05 μM). The pharmaceutical composition comprising the compound I is claimed.

REFERENCE COUNT:

1

THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 11 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:719487 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:246044
 TITLE: Bicyclic pyridine and pyrimidine derivatives, e.g.,
 thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidines and analogs, active as p38
 kinase inhibitors, and their preparation,
 pharmaceutical compositions, and uses
 INVENTOR(S): Chen, Jian Jeffrey; Dewdney, Nolan James; Stahl,
 Christoph Martin
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): F. Hoffmann-La Roche Ag, Switz.
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 80 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

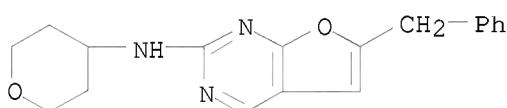
| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|--|------|----------|-----------------|-------------|
| WO 2003074530 | A1 | 20030912 | WO 2003-EP2090 | 20030228 |
| W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH,
PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA,
UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW | | | | |
| RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES,
FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF,
BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG | | | | |
| CA 2477721 | A1 | 20030912 | CA 2003-2477721 | 20030228 |
| AU 2003210388 | A1 | 20030916 | AU 2003-210388 | 20030228 |
| AU 2003210388 | B2 | 20070517 | | |
| EP 1485390 | A1 | 20041215 | EP 2003-743361 | 20030228 |
| EP 1485390 | B1 | 20081008 | | |
| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK | | | | |
| BR 2003008232 | A | 20041228 | BR 2003-8232 | 20030228 |
| CN 1639168 | A | 20050713 | CN 2003-805419 | 20030228 |
| CN 100386328 | C | 20080507 | | |
| JP 2005526057 | T | 20050902 | JP 2003-572998 | 20030228 |
| JP 4187657 | B2 | 20081126 | | |
| RU 2301233 | C2 | 20070620 | RU 2004-129768 | 20030228 |
| AT 410429 | T | 20081015 | AT 2003-743361 | 20030228 |
| ES 2314224 | T3 | 20090316 | ES 2003-743361 | 20030228 |
| US 20030207900 | A1 | 20031106 | US 2003-383392 | 20030306 |
| US 7091347 | B2 | 20060815 | | |
| MX 2004008592 | A | 20041206 | MX 2004-8592 | 20040903 |
| US 20050288312 | A1 | 20051229 | US 2005-202611 | 20050812 |
| US 7449472 | B2 | 20081111 | | |
| US 20060084803 | A1 | 20060420 | US 2005-292217 | 20051130 |
| US 7439247 | B2 | 20081021 | | |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | US 2002-362373P | P 20020307 |
| | | | US 2002-430508P | P 20021203 |
| | | | WO 2003-EP2090 | W 20030228 |
| | | | US 2003-383392 | A1 20030306 |

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 139:246044

IT 598297-82-6P, 2-[(Tetrahydropyran-4-yl)amino]-6-benzylfurano[2,3-d]pyrimidine 598297-83-7P,
 2-(Cyclopentylamino)-6-benzylfurano[2,3-d]pyrimidine 598297-84-8P
 , 2-[(4-Hydroxycyclohexyl)amino]-6-benzylfurano[2,3-d]pyrimidine
 598297-90-6P 598297-91-7P,
 2-(Isopropylamino)-6-benzylfurano[2,3-d]pyrimidine
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU
 (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES
 (Uses)
 (drug candidate; preparation of thienopyrimidines and analogs as p38 kinase
 inhibitors)

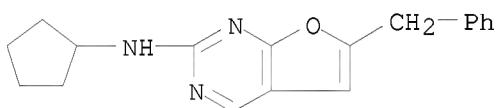
RN 598297-82-6 CAPLUS

CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-amine, 6-(phenylmethyl)-N-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



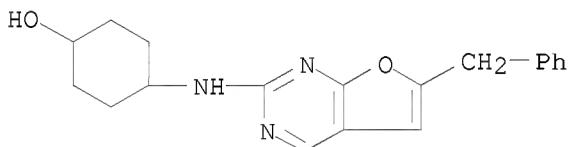
RN 598297-83-7 CAPLUS

CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-amine, N-cyclopentyl-6-(phenylmethyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



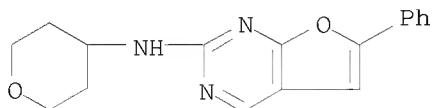
RN 598297-84-8 CAPLUS

CN Cyclohexanol, 4-[(6-(phenylmethyl)furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)amino]- (CA INDEX NAME)



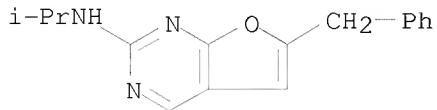
RN 598297-90-6 CAPLUS

CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-amine, 6-phenyl-N-(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-4-yl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 598297-91-7 CAPLUS

CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-amine, N-(1-methylethyl)-6-(phenylmethyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



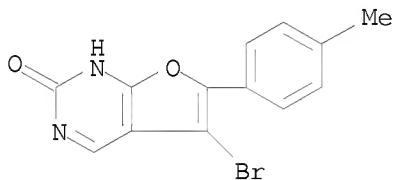
GI

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

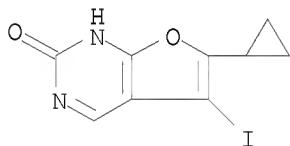
AB The invention discloses compds. I, their pharmaceutical formulations, methods of making them, and their uses in the treatment of p38 kinase-mediated diseases [wherein: A is N or CH; R1 is H, alkyl or arylalkyl; R2 is alkyl, hydroxyalkyl, (R'')₂NCO-alkylene- (where each R'' is independently H or alkyl), cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl, heteroaryl, or heteroalkyl; X is O, NR₃, or S, wherein R3 is H, alkyl, or aryl; and Y is bond, O, NR', CO, CH(OR'), CH(R'), or S(O)_n, wherein n = 0-2; and R' is H or alkyl; and R is aryl or heteroaryl; or an isomer, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, an ester, or a prodrug thereof]. The compds. are useful for treatment of disorders exacerbated or caused by excessive or unregulated TNF or p38 kinase production. Claimed methods of treatment include uses for treatment of arthritis, Crohn's disease, Alzheimer's disease, irritable bowel syndrome, adult respiratory distress syndrome, and chronic obstructive pulmonary disease. A table of over 40 compds. I is given, and most of these compds. are also claimed individually. The example compds. are mostly thienopyrimidines, but include some furanopyrimidines and pyrrolopyrimidines. For instance, invention compound II (as the HCl salt) was prepared from 4-chloro-2-(methylthio)pyrimidine in 5 steps: (1) fluorination of chloro using KF and 18-crown-6 in tetraglyme; (2) lithiation in the 5-position with LDA and formylation with EtOCHO; (3) cyclocondensation of the resultant aldehyde with 2'-ClC₆H₄COCH₂SH to form a fused thiophene ring; (4) oxidation of the methylthio group to a Me sulfone using Oxone; and (5) aminolysis of the sulfone with 4-aminotetrahydropyran, followed by chromatog. and acidification in ether. In a test for inhibition of recombinant p38 kinase in vitro, invention compound III gave an IC₅₀ of 104 nM.

REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 12 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:557250 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:246175
 TITLE: 5-Endo-Dig Electrophilic Cyclization of
 α -Alkynyl Carbonyl Compounds: Synthesis of Novel
 Bicyclic 5-Iodo- and 5-Bromofuranopyrimidine
 Nucleosides
 AUTHOR(S): Rao, Meneni Srinivasa; Esho, Noor; Sergeant, Craig;
 Dembinski, Roman
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, Oakland University,
 Rochester, MI, 48309-4477, USA
 SOURCE: Journal of Organic Chemistry (2003), 68(17), 6788-6790
 CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263
 PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 139:246175
 IT 596107-23-2P 596107-24-3P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of bicyclic 5-iodo- and 5-bromofuranopyrimidine nucleoside
 analogs via 5-endo-dig electrophilic cyclization of α -alkynyl
 carbonyl nucleosides)
 RN 596107-23-2 CAPLUS
 CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2(1H)-one, 5-bromo-6-(4-methylphenyl)- (CA INDEX
 NAME)



RN 596107-24-3 CAPLUS
 CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2(1H)-one, 6-cyclopropyl-5-ido- (CA INDEX NAME)



AB 5-Endo-dig electrophilic cyclization of 5-alkynyl-2'-deoxyuridines with
 N-iodosuccinimide or N-bromosuccinimide in acetone at room temperature gives
 3-(2'-deoxy- β -D-ribofuranosyl)-5-halo-2,3-dihydrofuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-
 2-ones that usually precipitate from the reaction mixture (86-74%).

REFERENCE COUNT: 59 THERE ARE 59 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 13 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:221693 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:238197
 TITLE: Preparation of furo- and thienopyrimidines as TIE-2 and/or VEGFR-2 kinase inhibitors useful against hyperproliferative diseases
 INVENTOR(S): Adams, Jerry Leroy; Bryan, Deborah Lynne; Feng, Yanhong; Matsunaga, Shinichiro; Maeda, Yutaka; Miyazaki, Yasushi; Nakano, Masato; Rocher, Jean-Philippe; Sato, Hideyuki; Semones, Marcus; Silva, Domingos J.; Tang, Jun
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Glaxosmithkline K.K., Japan; Smithkline Beecham Corporation
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 265 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|-------------|
| WO 2003022852 | A2 | 20030320 | WO 2002-US28650 | 20020910 |
| WO 2003022852 | A3 | 20031127 | | |
| W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW | | | | |
| RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG | | | | |
| AU 2002333524 | A1 | 20030324 | AU 2002-333524 | 20020910 |
| EP 1425284 | A2 | 20040609 | EP 2002-798181 | 20020910 |
| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, SK | | | | |
| JP 2005508904 | T | 20050407 | JP 2003-526926 | 20020910 |
| US 20050004142 | A1 | 20050106 | US 2004-489052 | 20040309 |
| US 7427623 | B2 | 20080923 | | |
| US 20080287466 | A1 | 20081120 | US 2008-169800 | 20080709 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | US 2001-318766P | P 20010911 |
| | | | WO 2002-US28650 | W 20020910 |
| | | | US 2004-489052 | A3 20040309 |

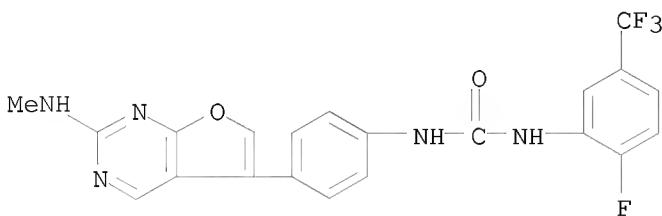
OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 138:238197
 IT 501696-13-5P, 5-[4-[[[2-Fluoro-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]amino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]-2-(methylamino)furo[2,3-d]pyrimidine 501696-14-6P, 2-[2-(Dimethylamino)ethyl]amino]-5-[4-[[[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]amino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]furo[2,3-d]pyrimidine 501696-20-4P, 5-[4-[[[2-Fluoro-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]amino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]-2-[(2,4,6-trimethoxyphenyl)methyl]amino]furo[2,3-d]pyrimidine 501696-21-5P, 2-Amino-5-[4-[[[2-Fluoro-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]amino]carbonyl]amino]phenyl]furo[2,3-d]pyrimidine RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU

(Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(drug candidate; preparation of furo- and thienopyrimidines as TIE-2 and/or VEGFR-2 kinase inhibitors useful against hyperproliferative diseases)

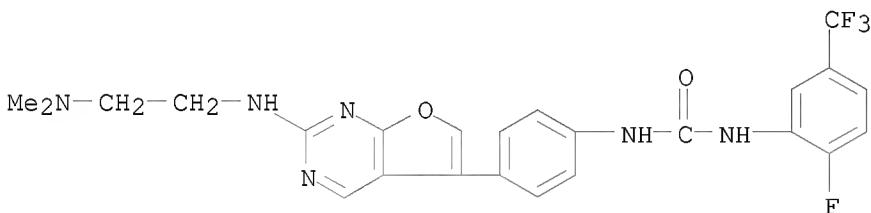
RN 501696-13-5 CAPLUS

CN Urea, N-[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-N'-(4-[2-(methylamino)furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-5-yl]phenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



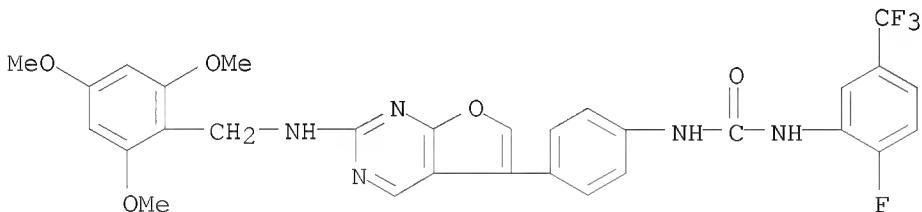
RN 501696-14-6 CAPLUS

CN Urea, N-[4-[2-[2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]amino]furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-5-yl]phenyl]-N'-(2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



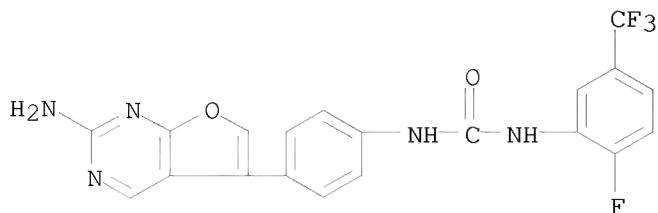
RN 501696-20-4 CAPLUS

CN Urea, N-[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-N'-(4-[2-[(2,4,6-trimethoxyphenyl)methyl]amino]furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-5-yl]phenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

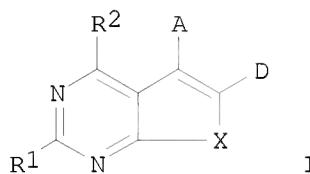


RN 501696-21-5 CAPLUS

CN Urea, N-[4-(2-aminofuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-5-yl)phenyl]-N'-(2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



GI

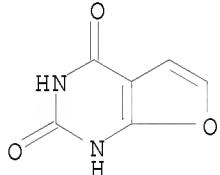


AB Furo- and thienopyrimidine derivs. (shown as I; variables defined below; e.g. 4-Amino-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-[3-(methylsulfonylamino)phenyl]furo[2,3-d]pyrimidine), which are useful as TIE-2 (tyrosine kinase containing immunoglobulin and EGF homol. domains) and/or VEGFR-2 kinase inhibitors against hyperproliferative diseases are described herein. Enzyme inhibitions by .apprx.60 examples of I are included as ranges; also, 4-amino-3-[4-[2-fluoro-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]aminocarbonylamino]phenyl]thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidine exhibited IC₅₀ = 0.0018 μM in the TIE-2 fluorescence polarization kinase activity assay. For I: X is O or S; A is H, halo, C₁-C₆ alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, aryl or heteroaryl substituted with ≥1 R₃, heterocyclyl, -RR₃, -C(O)OR₄, -C(O)NR₅R₆, -C(O)R₄; D is H, halo, C₁-C₆ alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, aryl or heteroaryl substituted with ≥1 R₃, heterocyclyl, -RR₃, -C(O)OR₄, -C(O)NR₅R₆, or -C(O)R₄. R is C₁-C₆ alkylene, C₃-C₇ cycloalkylene, C₁-C₆ alkenylene, or C₁-C₆ alkynylene; R₁ is H, C₁-C₆ alkyl, C₁-C₆ alkoxy, -SR₄, -S(O)2R₄, -NR₇R₇, -NR'N R'''R''', -N(H)RR₃, -C(O)OR₇, or -C(O)NR₇R₇. R₂ is H, -OH, -NR₇R₇ or :NH; R₃ is halo, C₁-C₆ alkyl, C₁-C₆ haloalkyl, C₁-C₆ alkoxy, C₃-C₇ cycloalkoxy, C₁-C₆ haloalkoxy, aryl, aralkyl, aryloxy, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl, -CN, -NHC(O)R₄, -N(R₈)HC(O)R₄, -NHC(S)R₄, -NR₅R₆, -RNR₅R₆, -SR₄, -S(O)2R₄, -RC(O)OR₄, -C(O)OR₄, -C(O)R₄, -C(O)NR₅R₆, -NHS(O)2R₄, -N(S(O)2R₄)S(O)2R₄, -S(O)2NR₅R₆, or -NHC(:NH)R₄. R₄ is H, C₁-C₆ alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl, -RR₃, -NR'''R''', or -NR'NR'''R'''; R₅ is H, C₁-C₆ alkyl, C₃-C₇ cycloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, -R'R'', aryl, aralkyl, heteroaryl, -NHC(O)OR''', -R'NHC(O)OR''', -R'NHC(O)NR'''R''', or -R'C(O)OR'''. R₆ is H, C₁-C₆ alkyl, C₃-C₇ cycloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, -R'R'', aryl, aralkyl, heteroaryl, -C(O)OR''', or -R'C(O)NR'''R'''; R₇ is H, C₁-C₆ alkyl, aryl, or -C(O)OR'''; R₈ is C₁-C₃ alkyl; R' is C₁-C₃ alkylene; R'' is heteroalkyl or NRR'''R'''; R''' is H, C₁-C₆ alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, heteroaryl, or C₃-C₇ cycloalkyl; R'''' is H, C₁-C₆ alkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, or C₃-C₇ cycloalkyl. Although the methods of preparation are not claimed, several example preps. of I are included and characterization data is given for .apprx.480 examples of I.

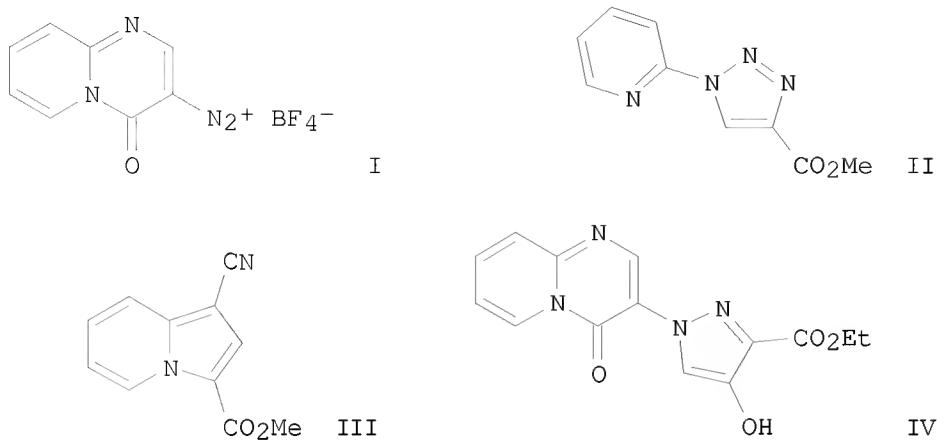
REFERENCE COUNT: 13 THERE ARE 13 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

10551569

L5 ANSWER 14 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:85532 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:307735
TITLE: Synthetic applications of some heteroaryl diazonium salts, azides, and similar compounds: ring contraction, rearrangements and other interesting reactions
AUTHOR(S): Recnik, Simon; Svetec, Jurij
CORPORATE SOURCE: Fak. Kem. Kem. Tehnol., Univerza Ljubljana, Ljubljana, Slovenia
SOURCE: Zbornik Referatov s Posvetovanja Slovenski Kemijski Dnevi, Maribor, Slovenia, Sept. 26-27, 2002 (2002), Issue Part 1, 211-214. Editor(s): Glavic, Peter; Brodnjak-Voncina, Darinka. Univerza v Mariboru, Fakulteta za Kemijo in Kemijsko Tehnologijo: Maribor, Slovenia.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Conference
LANGUAGE: Slovenian
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 139:307735
IT 612066-45-2P, Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidine-2,4(1H,3H)-dione
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of various heterocyclic systems via azidation, alkylation, ring contraction and rearrangement reactions of heteroaryl diazonium salts)
RN 612066-45-2 CAPLUS
CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidine-2,4(1H,3H)-dione (CA INDEX NAME)



GI

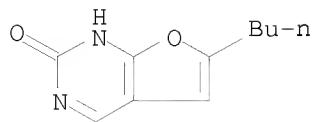


AB A series of heteroaryl diazonium salts derived in high yields from dimethylamino propenoates, e.g. 4-oxoquinolizine-3-diazonium tetrafluoroborate I, its aza analogs and 3-azido derivs., were developed as highly versatile and efficient precursors in the synthesis of several heterocyclic systems. Alkyl 1-heteroaryl-1H-1,2,3-triazole-4-carboxylates, e.g. II, were prepared by heterocycle interconversion of these diazonium salts in MeOH or EtOH, whereas 1-substituted indolizine-3-carboxylates, e.g. III, were formed in a novel aza-Wolff rearrangement. Condensation of I with 1,3-diketones, such as Me 4-chloroacetoacetate, afforded the corresponding diketo hydrazones, which underwent thermal cyclization to give regioselectively 1-heteroaryl-1H-pyrazoles, e.g. IV. Reactions of I with aliphatic secondary amines gave the corresponding triazenes; however, treatment with primary amine resulted in pyrimidine ring opening.

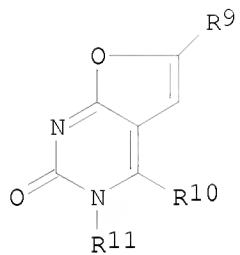
L5 ANSWER 15 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:814111 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:325426
 TITLE: Preparation of pyrimidine derivatives as anti-ictogenic and/or anti-epileptogenic agents
 INVENTOR(S): Weaver, Donald F.; Guillain, Buhendwa Musole; Carran, John R.; Jones, Kathryn
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Queen's University At Kingston, Can.
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 82 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|--|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| WO 2002083651 | A2 | 20021024 | WO 2002-CA512 | 20020411 |
| WO 2002083651 | A3 | 20021219 | | |
| W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH,
PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,
UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW | | | | |
| RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH,
CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR,
BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG | | | | |
| CA 2444148 | A1 | 20021024 | CA 2002-2444148 | 20020411 |
| AU 2002249037 | A1 | 20021028 | AU 2002-249037 | 20020411 |
| US 20030153584 | A1 | 20030814 | US 2002-123062 | 20020411 |
| US 7501429 | B2 | 20090310 | | |
| EP 1385831 | A2 | 20040204 | EP 2002-717913 | 20020411 |
| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR | | | | |
| JP 2004527535 | T | 20040909 | JP 2002-581407 | 20020411 |
| US 20030194375 | A1 | 20031016 | US 2002-272249 | 20021015 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | US 2001-282987P | P 20010411 |
| | | | US 2001-285940P | P 20010423 |
| | | | US 2001-310748P | P 20010807 |
| | | | US 2002-99934 | A 20020313 |
| | | | US 2001-275618P | P 20010313 |
| | | | WO 2002-CA512 | W 20020411 |

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 137:325426
 IT 473450-34-9P, 6-Butyl-3H-furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-one
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (preparation of pyrimidine (uracil) derivs. as antiepileptic agents)
 RN 473450-34-9 CAPLUS
 CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2(1H)-one, 6-butyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



GI

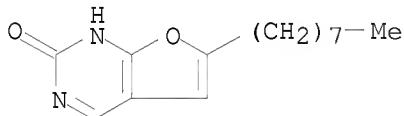


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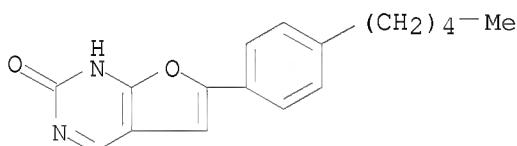
AB Title compds., e.g., I [R9 = H, alkyl, alkynyl, aryl, amino, etc.; R10 = H, alkyl, aryl, carboxyl, etc.; R11 = H, alkyl, amino, thioether, tetrahydrofuranyl] and derivs. thereof were prepared. For instance, 5-hydroxymethyluracil (II) was prepared from uracil and formaldehyde (KOHaq, 50°, 72 h). II and other example compds. tested were active in the hippocampal kindling seizure model. I are useful for the inhibition of convulsive disorders including epilepsy.

REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 16 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:335689 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:304284
 TITLE: Lack of susceptibility of bicyclic nucleoside analogs,
 highly potent inhibitors of varicella-zoster virus, to
 the catabolic action of thymidine phosphorylase and
 dihydropyrimidine dehydrogenase
 AUTHOR(S): Balzarini, Jan; Sienaert, Rebecca; Liekens, Sandra;
 Van Kuilenburg, Andre; Carangio, Antonella; Esnouf,
 Robert; De Clercq, Erik; McGuigan, Chris
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Rega Institute for Medical Research, Katholieke
 Universiteit Leuven, Louvain, Belg.
 SOURCE: Molecular Pharmacology (2002), 61(5), 1140-1145
 CODEN: MOPMA3; ISSN: 0026-895X
 PUBLISHER: American Society for Pharmacology and Experimental
 Therapeutics
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 IT 473000-26-9, Cf 1381 473000-27-0, Cf 2200
 RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological
 activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (susceptibility of bicyclic nucleoside analogs, highly potent
 inhibitors of varicella-zoster virus, to catabolic action of thymidine
 phosphorylase and dihydropyrimidine dehydrogenase compared with
 established anti-VZV agents)
 RN 473000-26-9 CAPLUS
 CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2(1H)-one, 6-octyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 473000-27-0 CAPLUS
 CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2(1H)-one, 6-(4-pentylphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

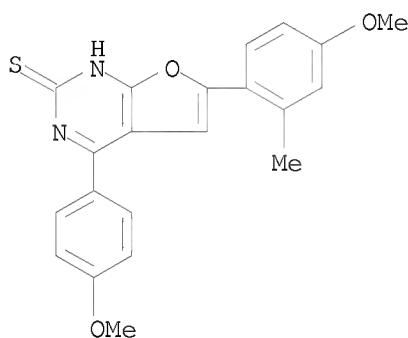


AB The susceptibility of the bicyclic nucleoside analogs (BCNAs), highly potent and selective inhibitors of varicella-zoster virus (VZV), to the enzymes involved in nucleoside/nucleobase catabolism has been investigated in comparison with the established anti-VZV agent (E)-5-(2-bromovinyl)-2'-deoxyuridine [BVDU; brivudine (Zostex)]. Whereas human and bacterial thymidine phosphorylases (TPases) efficiently converted BVDU to its antivirally inactive free base (E)-5-(2-bromovinyl)uracil (BVU), BCNAs showed no evidence of conversion to the free base in the presence of these enzymes. The lack of substrate affinity of TPase for the BCNAs could be rationalized by computer-assisted mol. modeling of the BCNAs in the TPase active site. Moreover, in

contrast with BVU, which is a potent and selective inhibitor of dihydropyrimidine dehydrogenase (DPD) (50% inhibitory concentration; 10 μ M in the presence of a 25 μ M concentration of the natural substrate thymine), the free base (Cf 1381; 6-octyl-2,3-dihydrofuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-one) of BCNA (Cf 1368; 3-(2'-deoxy- β -D-ribofuranosyl)-6-octyl-2,3-dihydrofuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-one) and the free base Cf 2200 [6-(4-n-pentylphenyl)-2,3-dihydrofuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-one] of BCNA (Cf 1743; 3-(2'-deoxy- β -D-ribofuranosyl)-6-(4-n-pentylphenyl)-2,3-dihydrofuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-one) did not inhibit the DPD-catalyzed catabolic reaction of pyrimidine bases (i.e., thymine) and pyrimidine base analogs [i.e., 5-fluorouracil (FU)] at a concentration of 250 μ M. Consequently, whereas BVU caused a dramatic rise of FU levels in FU-treated mice, the BCNAs did not affect FU levels in such mice. From the authors' data it is evident that BCNAs represent highly stable anti-VZV compds. that are not susceptible to breakdown by nucleoside/nucleobase catabolic enzymes and are not expected to interfere with cellular catabolic processes such as those involved in FU catabolism.

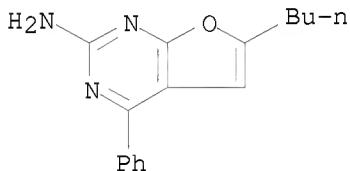
REFERENCE COUNT: 23 THERE ARE 23 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 17 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:588277 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:178522
 TITLE: Synthesis and reaction of fused polynuclear heterocycles
 AUTHOR(S): Salman, A. S. S.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Chemistry Department, Faculty of Science, Girls Branch, El-Azhar University, Nast City, Egypt
 SOURCE: Communications de la Faculte des Sciences de l'Universite d'Ankara, Series B: Chemistry and Chemical Engineering (2000), Volume Date 1999, 45(1-2), 85-91
 CODEN: CFBEEC
 PUBLISHER: University of Ankara, Faculty of Sciences
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 134:178522
 IT 326589-60-0
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (preparation and reaction of fused polynuclear heterocycles)
 RN 326589-60-0 CAPLUS
 CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidine-2(1H)-thione,
 6-(4-methoxy-2-methylphenyl)-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



AB Reaction of 6-amino-5-cyano-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-(4-methoxy-2-methylphenyl)furo[2,3-b]pyridine with malononitrile, Et cyanoacetate, formic acid/sodium acetate mixture and formamide afforded the corresponding 2,4-diamino-3-cyano-furo[2',3':6,5]pyrido[2,3-b]pyridine, 4-amino-3-cyano-furo[2',3':6,5]pyrido[2,3-b]pyridine-2(IH)-one, furo[2',3':6,5]pyrido[2,3-d]pyrimidine-4(3H)-one, and 4-aminofuro[2',3':6,5]pyrido[2,3-d]-pyrimidine. Treatment of 4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-(4-methoxy-2-methylphenyl)furo[2,3-d]pyrimidine-6 thione with benzoylhydrazine and Et chloroacetate afforded the corresponding furo[3,2-e][1,2,4]triazolo[4,3-a]-pyridimidine and 6-(carbethoxymethylthio)furo[2,3-d]pyridimidine. Condensation of 6-amino-5-cyano-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-(4-methoxy-2-methylphenyl)furo[2,3-b]pyran with acetic anhydride, acetic anhydride pyridine mixture and p-chlorobenzylidenemalononitrile afforded the corresponding 6-acetamido-4H-furo[2,3-b]pyran, 2-methyl-4-oxo-3,4-dihydro-5H-furo[2',3':6,5]pyrano[2,3-d]pyrimidine, and 4-amino-3-cyano-5H-furo[2',3':6,5]pyrano[2,3-b]pyridine. The structure of new compds. were established by anal. and spectroscopic measurements.

L5 ANSWER 18 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:220886 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:105004
 TITLE: Structural studies on bioactive compounds. Part 29.
 Palladium catalyzed arylations and alkynylations of
 sterically hindered immunomodulatory
 2-amino-5-halo-4,6-(disubstituted)pyrimidines
 Hannah, D. R.; Sherer, E. C.; Davies, R. V.; Titman,
 R. B.; Laughton, C. A.; Stevens, M. F. G.
 School of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Cancer Research
 Laboratories, University of Nottingham, Nottingham, UK
 SOURCE: Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry (2000), 8(4), 739-750
 CODEN: BMECEP; ISSN: 0968-0896
 PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Ltd.
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 133:105004
 IT 282543-48-0P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (palladium catalyzed arylations and alkynylations of sterically
 hindered immunomodulatory aminohalopyrimidines)
 RN 282543-48-0 CAPLUS
 CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-amine, 6-butyl-4-phenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

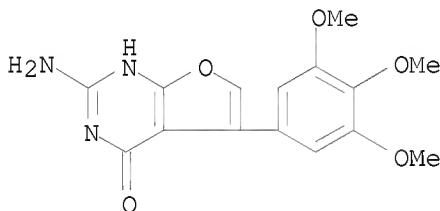


AB Immunol. agent bropirimine is a tetra-substituted pyrimidine with anticancer and interferon-inducing properties. Synthetic routes to novel 5-aryl analogs of bropirimine have been developed and their potential mol. recognition properties analyzed by mol. modeling methods. Sterically challenged 2-amino-5-halo-6-phenylpyrimidin-4-ones (halo = Br or I) are poor substrates for palladium catalyzed Suzuki cross-coupling reactions with benzeneboronic acid because the basic conditions of the reaction converts the amphoteric pyrimidinones to their unreactive enolic forms. Palladium-mediated reductive dehalogenation of the pyrimidinone substrates effectively competes with cross-coupling. 2-Amino-5-halo-4-methoxy-6-phenylpyrimidines can be converted to a range of 5-aryl derivs. with the 5-iodopyrimidines being the most efficient substrates. Hydrolysis of the 2-amino-5-aryl-4-methoxy-6-phenylpyrimidines affords the required pyrimidin-4-ones in high yields. Semiempirical quantum mech. calcns. show how the nature of the 5-substituent influences the equilibrium between the 1H- and 3H-tautomeric forms, and the rotational freedom about the bond connecting the 6-Ph group and the pyrimidine ring. Both of these factors may influence the biol. properties of these compds.

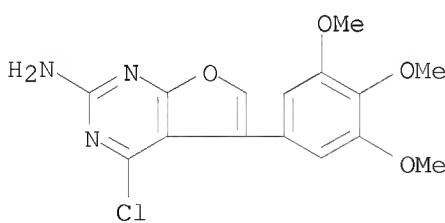
REFERENCE COUNT: 52 THERE ARE 52 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

10551569

L5 ANSWER 19 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:151039 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:267398
TITLE: Synthesis and biological evaluation of
5-arylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidines as novel dihydrofolate
reductase inhibitors
AUTHOR(S): Wahid, Farid; Monneret, Claude; Dauzon, Daniel
CORPORATE SOURCE: Unite Mixte de Recherche Institut Curie-CNRS (UMR176),
Institut Curie, Section de Recherche, Paris, F-75248,
Fr.
SOURCE: Chemical & Pharmaceutical Bulletin (1999), 47(2),
156-164
CODEN: CPBTAL; ISSN: 0009-2363
PUBLISHER: Pharmaceutical Society of Japan
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
IT 222295-11-6P 222295-29-6P 222295-35-4P
222295-36-5P
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
study, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL
(Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation of 5-arylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidines as dihydrofolate reductase
inhibitors)
RN 222295-11-6 CAPLUS
CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4(3H)-one, 2-amino-5-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)- (CA
INDEX NAME)



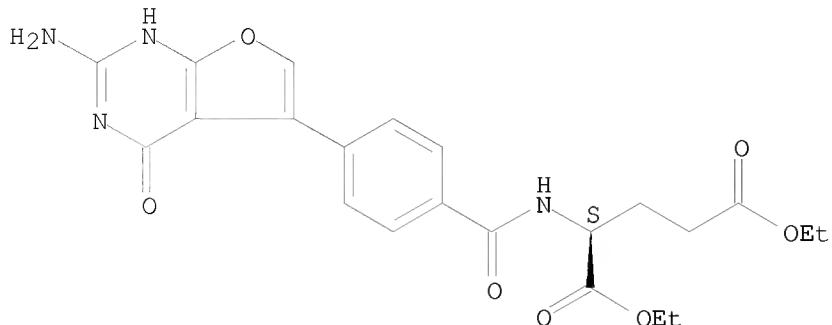
RN 222295-29-6 CAPLUS
CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-amine, 4-chloro-5-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)- (CA
INDEX NAME)



RN 222295-35-4 CAPLUS
CN L-Glutamic acid, N-[4-(2-amino-1,4-dihydro-4-oxofuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-5-
yl)benzoyl]-, diethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

10551569

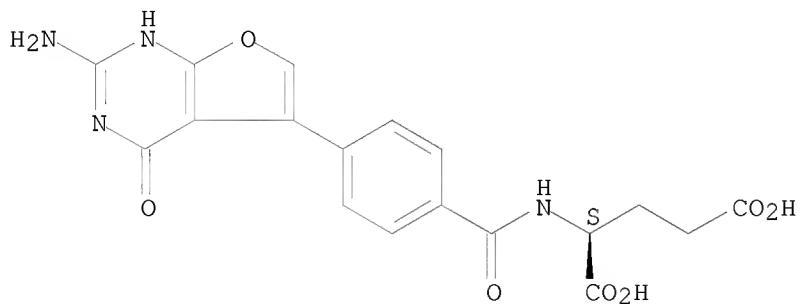
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 222295-36-5 CAPLUS

CN L-Glutamic acid, N-[4-(2-amino-1,4-dihydro-4-oxofuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-5-yl)benzoyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



IT 222295-07-0P 222295-08-1P 222295-09-2P

222295-10-5P 222295-13-8P 222295-14-9P

222295-15-0P 222295-16-1P 222295-19-4P

222295-21-8P 222295-22-9P 222295-25-2P

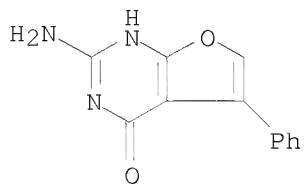
222295-26-3P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of 5-arylfurano[2,3-d]pyrimidines as dihydrofolate reductase inhibitors)

RN 222295-07-0 CAPLUS

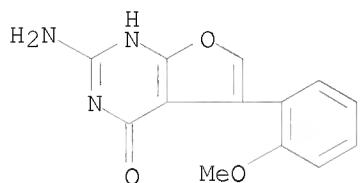
CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4(3H)-one, 2-amino-5-phenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



10551569

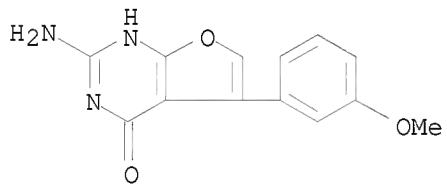
RN 222295-08-1 CAPLUS

CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4(3H)-one, 2-amino-5-(2-methoxyphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



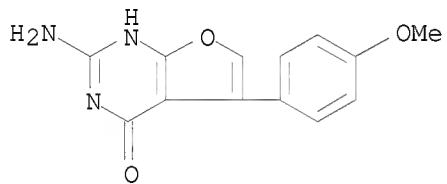
RN 222295-09-2 CAPLUS

CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4(3H)-one, 2-amino-5-(3-methoxyphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



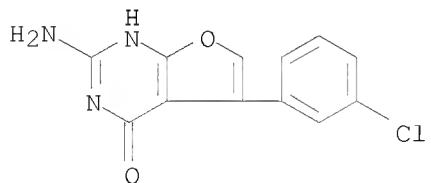
RN 222295-10-5 CAPLUS

CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4(3H)-one, 2-amino-5-(4-methoxyphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



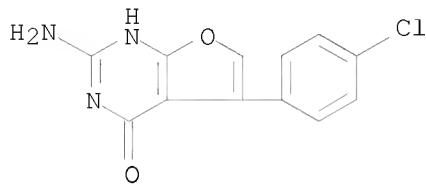
RN 222295-13-8 CAPLUS

CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4(3H)-one, 2-amino-5-(3-chlorophenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)

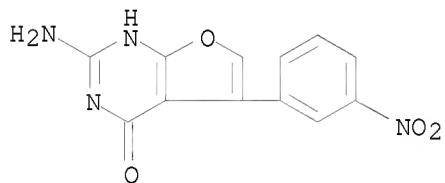


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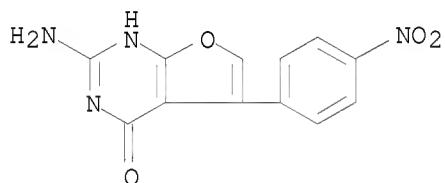
RN 222295-14-9 CAPLUS
CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4(3H)-one, 2-amino-5-(4-chlorophenyl)- (CA INDEX
NAME)



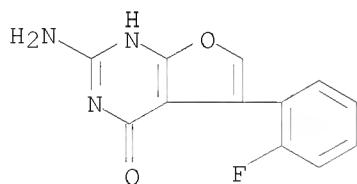
RN 222295-15-0 CAPLUS
CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4(3H)-one, 2-amino-5-(3-nitrophenyl)- (CA INDEX
NAME)



RN 222295-16-1 CAPLUS
CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4(3H)-one, 2-amino-5-(4-nitrophenyl)- (CA INDEX
NAME)



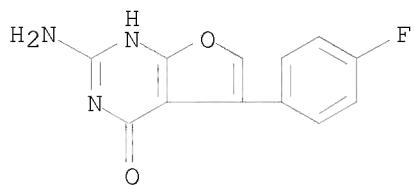
RN 222295-19-4 CAPLUS
CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4(3H)-one, 2-amino-5-(2-fluorophenyl)- (CA INDEX
NAME)



RN 222295-21-8 CAPLUS

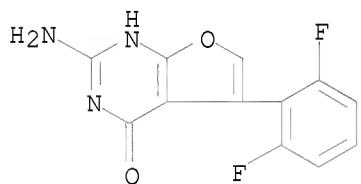
10551569

CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4(3H)-one, 2-amino-5-(4-fluorophenyl)- (CA INDEX
NAME)



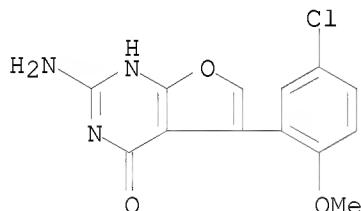
RN 222295-22-9 CAPLUS

CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4(3H)-one, 2-amino-5-(2,6-difluorophenyl)- (CA INDEX
NAME)



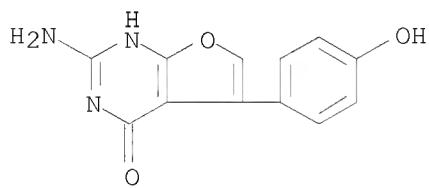
RN 222295-25-2 CAPLUS

CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4(3H)-one, 2-amino-5-(5-chloro-2-methoxyphenyl)- (CA
INDEX NAME)



RN 222295-26-3 CAPLUS

CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4(3H)-one, 2-amino-5-(4-hydroxyphenyl)- (CA INDEX
NAME)



IT 222295-23-0P 222295-27-4P 222295-34-3P

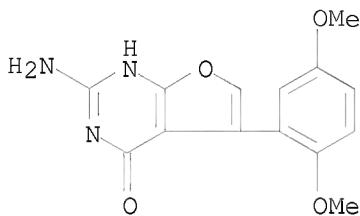
10551569

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of 5-aryl-furo[2,3-d]pyrimidines as dihydrofolate reductase inhibitors)

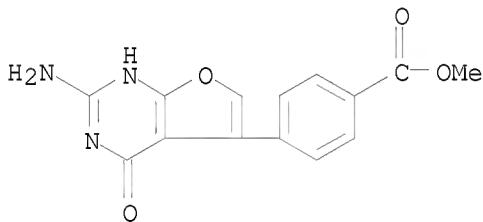
RN 222295-23-0 CAPLUS

CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4(3H)-one, 2-amino-5-(2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



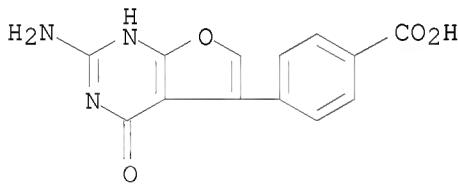
RN 222295-27-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-(2-amino-3,4-dihydro-4-oxofuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-5-yl)-, methyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 222295-34-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-(2-amino-3,4-dihydro-4-oxofuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-5-yl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 222295-12-7P 222295-17-2P 222295-20-7P

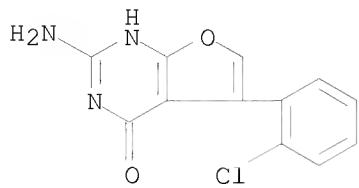
222295-24-1P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of 5-aryl-furo[2,3-d]pyrimidines as dihydrofolate reductase inhibitors)

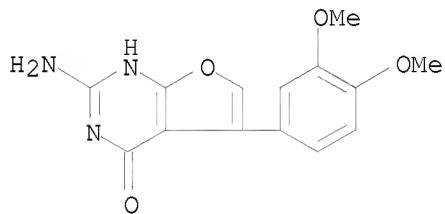
RN 222295-12-7 CAPLUS

CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4(3H)-one, 2-amino-5-(2-chlorophenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



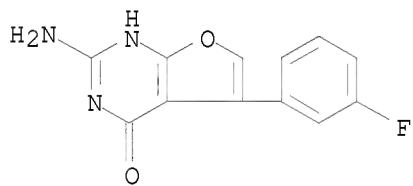
RN 222295-17-2 CAPLUS

CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4(3H)-one, 2-amino-5-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



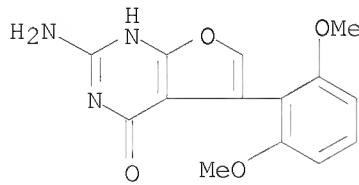
RN 222295-20-7 CAPLUS

CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4(3H)-one, 2-amino-5-(3-fluorophenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 222295-24-1 CAPLUS

CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4(3H)-one, 2-amino-5-(2,6-dimethoxyphenyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



AB A series of about fifty novel 5-aryl furo[2,3-d]pyrimidine derivs. were synthesized as potential inhibitors of dihydrofolate reductase arising from different species. Weak enzyme inhibition was observed for most of the compds., with only a few reaching IC₅₀ values less than 30 μM. With

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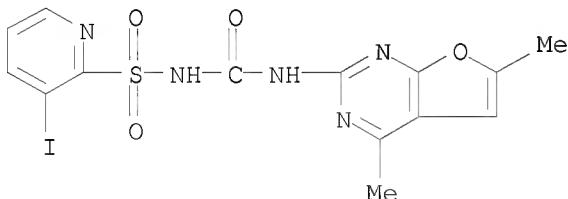
regards to antibacterial and antimalarial potency, only seven compds.
showed a modest in vitro activity against some bacteria strains and only
three products proved significantly active against *P. falciparum*.

REFERENCE COUNT: 65 THERE ARE 65 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

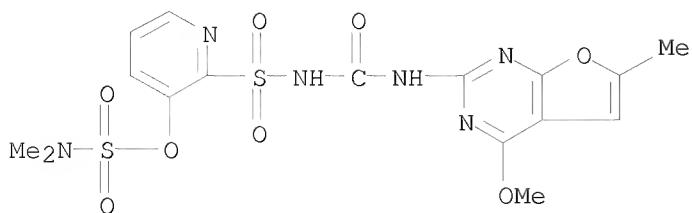
L5 ANSWER 20 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:447073 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:142571
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 125:26685a, 26688a
 TITLE: Pyridyl sulfonyl ureas as herbicides and plant growth regulators
 INVENTOR(S): Kehne, Heinz; Willms, Lothar; Ort, Oswald; Bauer, Klaus; Bieringer, Hermann
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hoechst A.-G., Germany
 SOURCE: U.S., 27 pp., Cont. of U. S. Serl No. 112,421, abandoned.
 CODEN: USXXAM
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 5
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|-------------|
| US 5529976 | A | 19960625 | US 1994-336571 | 19941109 |
| DE 4000503 | A1 | 19910711 | DE 1990-4000503 | 19900110 |
| US 5635451 | A | 19970603 | US 1992-859513 | 19920608 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | DE 1990-4000503 | A 19900110 |
| | | | DE 1990-4030557 | A 19900927 |
| | | | US 1992-859513 | A1 19920608 |
| | | | US 1993-112421 | B1 19930818 |
| | | | DE 1990-4030577 | A 19900927 |
| | | | WO 1990-EP2308 | W 19901224 |

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 125:142571
 IT 179892-45-6P 179892-46-7P 179892-58-1P
 179892-59-2P
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (structure and manufacture of pyridyl sulfonyl ureas as herbicides and plant growth regulators)
 RN 179892-45-6 CAPLUS
 CN 2-Pyridinesulfonamide, N-[[[(4,6-dimethylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)amino]carbonyl]-3-iodo- (CA INDEX NAME)

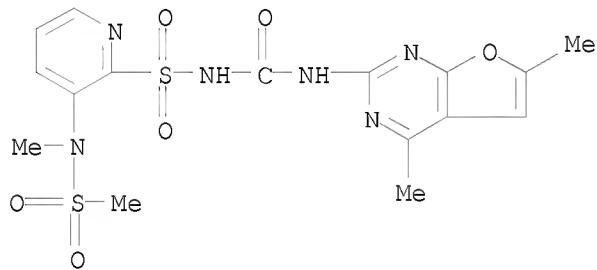


RN 179892-46-7 CAPLUS
 CN Sulfamic acid, N,N-dimethyl-, 2-[[[[[(4-methoxy-6-methylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)amino]carbonyl]amino]sulfonyl]-3-pyridinyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



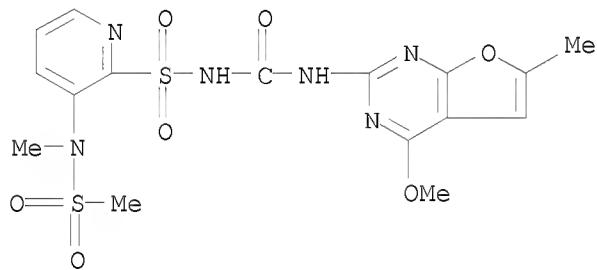
RN 179892-58-1 CAPLUS

CN 2-Pyridinesulfonamide, N-[[(4,6-dimethylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)amino]carbonyl]-3-[methyl(methylsulfonyl)amino]- (CA INDEX NAME)

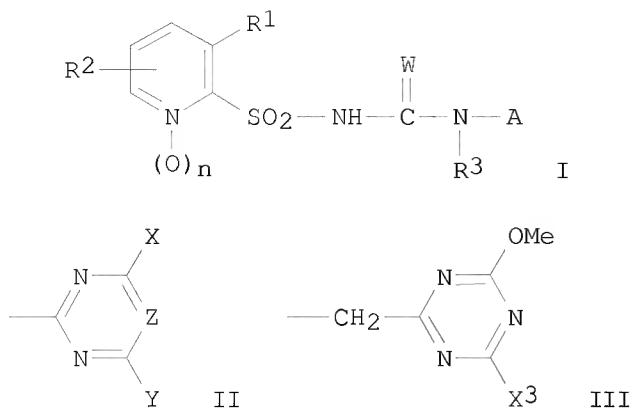


RN 179892-59-2 CAPLUS

CN 2-Pyridinesulfonamide, N-[[(4-methoxy-6-methylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)amino]carbonyl]-3-[methyl(methylsulfonyl)amino]- (CA INDEX NAME)



GI



AB Compds. of formula I, where R1 is $\text{-SO}_2\text{NR}_4\text{R}_5$, $\text{-NR}_6\text{R}_7$ or iodine, R2 is H, C1-4 alkyl, C1-3 haloalkyl, halogen, NO₂, CN, C1-3 alkoxy, C1-3 haloalkoxy, C1-3 alkylthio, C1-3 alkoxy-C1-3 alkyl, C1-3 alkoxy carbonyl, C1-3 alkylamino, di(C1-3 alkyl)amino, C1-3 alkylsulfinyl, C1-3 alkylsulfonyl, SO₂NRaRb or C(O)NRaRb, Ra and Rb independently of one another are H, C1-3 alkyl, C3-4 alkenyl, propargyl, or together are -(CH₂)₄- , -(CH₂)₅ or CH₂CH₂OCH₂CH₂- , R3 is H or CH₃, R4 is H, C1-3 alkyl, C3-4 alkenyl, C1-3 alkoxy or C3-4 alkynyl, R5 is H, C1-3 alkyl, C3-4 alkenyl or C3-4 alkynyl, or R4 and R5 together are -(CH₂)₄- , (CH₂)₅ or -CM₂CH₂OCH₂CH₂- , R6 is H, C1-8 alkyl, which is unsubstituted or substituted by ≥ 1 radicals from the group comprising halogen, C1-4 alkoxy, C1-4 alkylthio, C1-4 alkylsulfinyl, C1-4 alkylsulfonyl, C1-4 alkoxy carbonyl and CN, C3-6 alkenyl which is unsubstituted or substituted by ≥ 1 halogen atoms, C3-6 alkynyl which is unsubstituted or substituted by ≥ 1 halogen atoms, C1-4 alkylsulfonyl which is unsubstituted or substituted by ≥ 1 halogen atoms, phenylsulfonyl where the Ph radical is unsubstituted or substituted by ≥ 1 radicals from the group comprising halogen, C1-4 alkyl and C1-4 alkoxy, C1-4 alkoxy or C1-4 alkyl carbonyl which is unsubstituted or substituted by ≥ 1 halogen atoms,. R7 is C1-4 alkylsulfonyl which is unsubstituted or substituted by ≥ 1 halogen atoms, phenylsulfonyl where the Ph radical is unsubstituted or substituted by ≥ 1 radicals from the group comprising halogen, C1-4 alkoxy, or di(C1-4 alkyl)amino sulfonate or R6 and R7 together are a chain of the formula -(CH₂)_m-SO₂, where the chain can addnl. be substituted by 1-4 C1-3 alkyl radicals and m is 3 or 4, n is zero or 1, W is O or S, A is II or III, X is H, halogen, C1-3 alkyl, C1-3 alkoxy, where the two last-mentioned radicals are unsubstituted or monosubstituted or polysubstituted by halogen or monosubstituted by C1-3 alkoxy, Y is H, C1-3 alkyl, C1-3 alkoxy or C1-3 alkylthio, where the above-mentioned alkyl-containing radicals are unsubstituted or monosubstituted or polysubstituted by halogen or monosubstituted or disubstituted by C1-3 alkoxy or C1-3 alkylthio, or is a radical of the formula NR₈R₉, C3-6 cycloalkyl, C2-4 alkenyl, C2-4 alkynyl, C3-4 alkynyl, C3-4 alkenyloxy or C3-4 alkynyloxy, Z is N, R8 and R9 independently of one another are H, C1-3 alkyl or C3-4 alkenyl, X₃ is CH or OCH₃. I can be produced by a process similar to known processes and II can be obtained from the corresponding sulfochlorides.

REFERENCE COUNT:

19

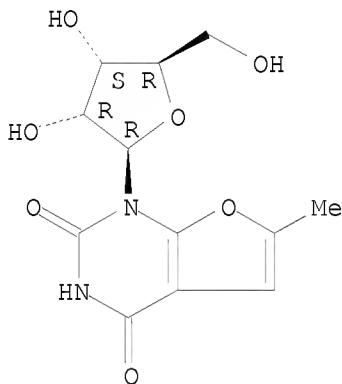
THERE ARE 19 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT.

L5 ANSWER 21 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:570227 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:112617
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 123:20137a, 20140a
 TITLE: Synthesis and antiviral evaluation of fuopyrimidine diones cyclic and acyclic, nucleoside analogs
 AUTHOR(S): Renault, Jacques; Jourdan, Fabrice; Laduree, Daniel;
 Robba, Max
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Cent. Etudes Recherche Med. Normandie, U.F.R. Sci.
 Pharm, Caen, 14032, Fr.
 SOURCE: Heterocycles (1995), 41(5), 937-45
 CODEN: HTCYAM; ISSN: 0385-5414
 PUBLISHER: Japan Institute of Heterocyclic Chemistry
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English

IT 165903-88-8P
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (preparation of fuopyrimidinedione cyclic and acyclic nucleoside analogs as virucides)

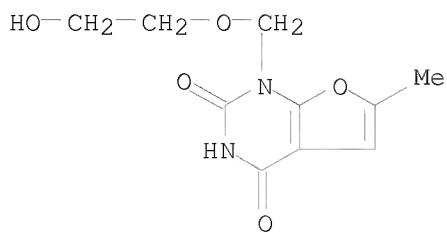
RN 165903-88-8 CAPLUS
 CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidine-2,4(1H,3H)-dione, 6-methyl-1-β-D-ribofuranosyl-
 (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

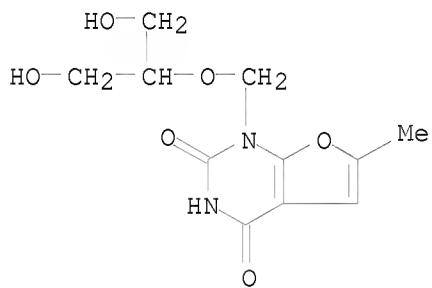


IT 165903-84-4P 165903-85-5P 165903-86-6P
 165903-87-7P 165903-91-3P
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of fuopyrimidinedione cyclic and acyclic nucleoside analogs as virucides)

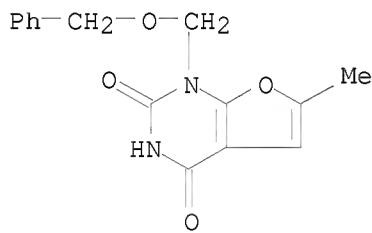
RN 165903-84-4 CAPLUS
 CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidine-2,4(1H,3H)-dione,
 1-[(2-hydroxyethoxy)methyl]-6-methyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 165903-85-5 CAPLUS
 CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidine-2,4(1H,3H)-dione,
 1-[2-hydroxy-1-(hydroxymethyl)ethoxy]methyl]-6-methyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



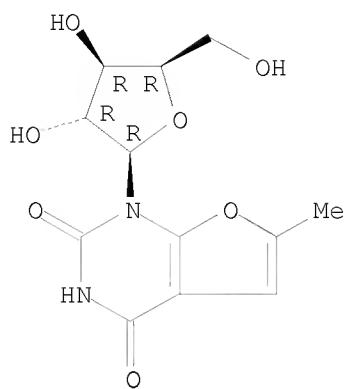
RN 165903-86-6 CAPLUS
 CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidine-2,4(1H,3H)-dione,
 6-methyl-1-[(phenylmethoxy)methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 165903-87-7 CAPLUS
 CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidine-2,4(1H,3H)-dione, 6-methyl-1-β-D-xylofuranosyl-
 (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

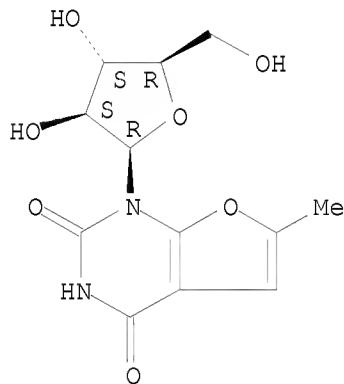
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RN 165903-91-3 CAPLUS

CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidine-2,4(1H,3H)-dione,
1- β -D-arabinofuranosyl-6-methyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

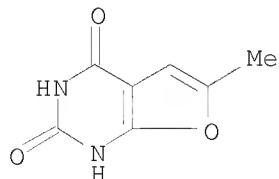


IT 91673-53-9P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
(Reactant or reagent)
(preparation of furopyrimidinedione cyclic and acyclic nucleoside analogs as
virucides)

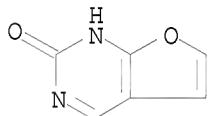
RN 91673-53-9 CAPLUS

CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidine-2,4(1H,3H)-dione, 6-methyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

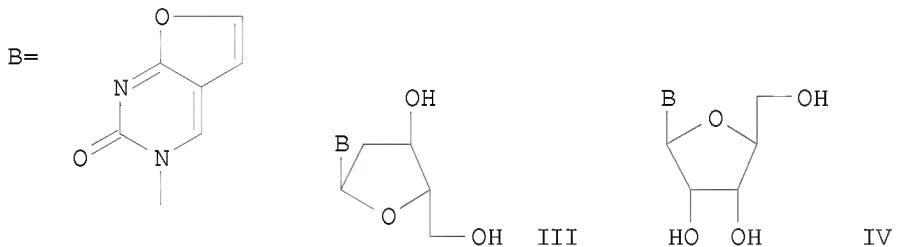


AB Following Vorbrueggen and Niedballa's method, the synthesis of new cyclic and acyclic nucleoside analogs, whose aglycon was a fuopyrimidinedione, was carried out. Among the various compds. that were obtained was the a β -D-ribonucleoside which gave us access to a β -D-arabino nucleoside whose synthesis by Vorbrueggen and Niedballa's method had remained unsuccessful. All the new compds. were tested against human immunodeficiency virus 1 (HIV-1). None of these compds. showed significant activity.

L5 ANSWER 22 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:389461 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 122:265913
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 122:48564h, 48565a
 TITLE: Steric fixation of bromovinyluracil: synthesis of furo[2,3-d]pyrimidine nucleosides
 AUTHOR(S): Eger, Kurt; Jalalian, Mohammad; Schmidt, Mathias
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Pharm., Univ. Leipzig, Leipzig, D-04103, Germany
 SOURCE: Journal of Heterocyclic Chemistry (1995), 32(1), 211-18
 CODEN: JHTCAD; ISSN: 0022-152X
 PUBLISHER: HeteroCorporation
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 122:265913
 IT 62785-91-5P, Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2(1H)-one
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (synthesis of furopyrimidine nucleosides via intramol.
 cyclocondensation of bromovinyluracil)
 RN 62785-91-5 CAPLUS
 CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2(1H)-one (CA INDEX NAME)

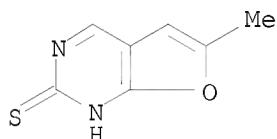


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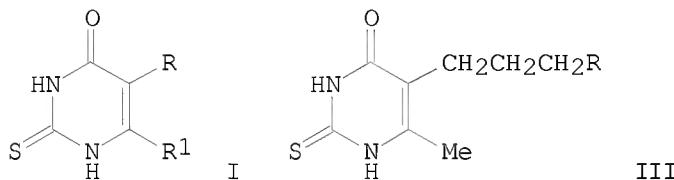


AB A new synthetic procedure for the preparation of 5,6-dihydrofuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2(3H)-one (I) and its deoxyriboside is reported. Compound I undergoes nucleophilic reactions with various agents to yield 5-substituted uracil derivs. The dehydro derivative of I, furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2(3H)-one (II) was synthesized by intramol. cyclocondensation of 5-(2-bromovinyl)-uracil. Starting from II, the α -deoxyriboside III and the β -riboside IV were prepared

L5 ANSWER 23 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:83620 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 116:83620
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 116:14239a, 14242a
 TITLE: Synthetic approaches to a carboranyl thiouracil
 AUTHOR(S): Wilson, J. Gerald
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Biomed. Health Program, Aust. Nucl. Sci. Technol.
 Organ., Menai, 2234, Australia
 SOURCE: Pigment Cell Research (1989), 2(4), 297-303
 CODEN: PCREEA; ISSN: 0893-5785
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 IT 138714-27-9P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)
 RN 138714-27-9 CAPLUS
 CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidine-2(1H)-thione, 6-methyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



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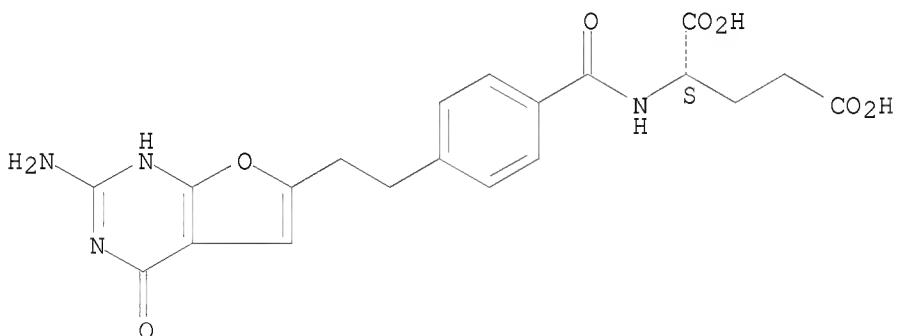


AB Thiouracil is selectively incorporated into melanotic murine melanomas during melanin synthesis. This selectivity makes thiouracil a likely vehicle for boron in the diagnosis and therapy of melanoma. Therefore, alkynylthiouracils I ($R = CH_2C\equiv C$, $CH_2CH_2CH_2C\equiv C$, $R_1 = Me$; $R = H$, $R_1 = CH_2CH_2C\equiv C$) were synthesized and II ($R = CH_2CH_2CH_2C\equiv C$, $R_1 = Me$) was converted to carboranylthiouracil III ($R = carboranyl$). Thus, cyclization of $MeCOCH(CO_2Et)CH_2CH_2CH_2C\equiv C$ with thiourea in EtOH/Na gave 72% II. II was silylated and reacted with $B_10H_{12}(MeCN)_2$ to give III ($R = carboranyl$).

L5 ANSWER 24 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:608603 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 115:208603
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 115:35621a, 35624a
 TITLE: Preparation of
 N-[[(pyrrolopyrimidinyl)alkyl]benzoyl]glutamates and
 analogs as antitumor agents
 INVENTOR(S): Akimoto, Hiroshi; Ootsu, Koichiro
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Takeda Chemical Industries, Ltd., Japan
 SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 34 pp.
 CODEN: EPXXDW
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

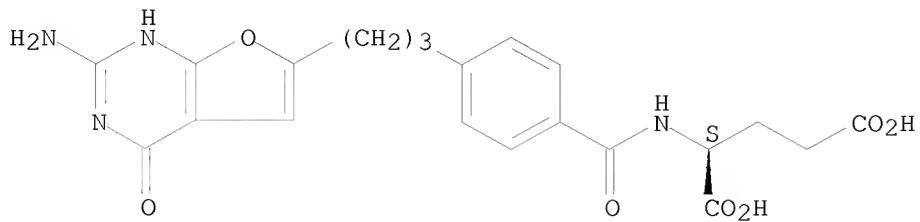
| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| EP 438261 | A2 | 19910724 | EP 1991-300266 | 19910115 |
| EP 438261 | A3 | 19920226 | | |
| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE | | | | |
| CA 2034292 | A1 | 19910717 | CA 1991-2034292 | 19910116 |
| JP 05078362 | A | 19930330 | JP 1991-196173 | 19910116 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | JP 1990-7962 | A 19900116 |
| OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 115:208603 | | | | |
| IT 136784-65-1P 136784-66-2P | | | | |
| RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation) | | | | |
| (preparation of, as antitumor agent) | | | | |
| RN 136784-65-1 CAPLUS | | | | |
| CN L-Glutamic acid, N-[4-[2-(2-amino-1,4-dihydro-4-oxofuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)ethyl]benzoyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) | | | | |

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 136784-66-2 CAPLUS
 CN L-Glutamic acid, N-[4-[3-(2-amino-1,4-dihydro-4-oxofuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)propyl]benzoyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

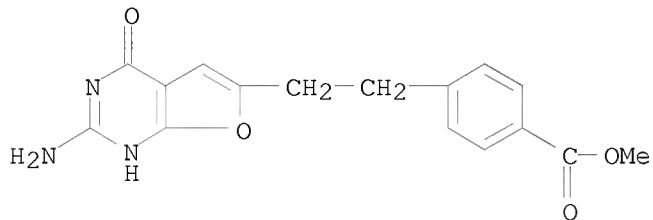


IT 136784-94-6

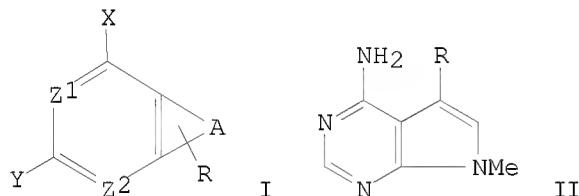
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(reaction of, in preparation of antitumor agents)

RN 136784-94-6 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-[2-(2-amino-3,4-dihydro-4-oxofuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)ethyl]-, methyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

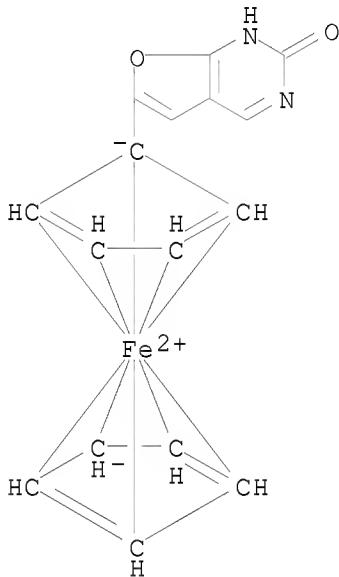


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AB Title compds. [I; A = atoms to complete a 5-membered ring; R = ZBCONHCH(CO₂R₁)CH₂CH₂CO₂R₂; B = (un)substituted divalent cyclic or chain group (sic); R₁, R₂ = ester residue, cation; X = NH₂, OH, SH; Y = H halo, (un)substituted OH, NH₂, SH, hydrocarbyl; Z = (heteroatom-interrupted) (un)substituted (CH₂)₂₋₅; 1 of Z₁, Z₂ = N and the other = N or CH] were prepared as antitumor agents (no data). Thus, pyrrolopyrimidine II (R = cyano) was heated 1.5 h at 75-80° with Raney Ni in HCO₂H and the product (II; R = CHO) was condensed with Ph₃P+CH₂C₆H₄(CO₂Me)-4 Br⁻ to give, after hydrogenation, II [R = CH₂CH₂C₆H₄(CO₂Me)-4] which was saponified and the product condensed with di-Et glutamate to give II [R = CH₂CH₂C₆H₄CONHCH(CO₂Et)CH₂CH₂CO₂Et].

L5 ANSWER 25 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:559621 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 115:159621
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 115:27351a, 27354a
 TITLE: Synthesis, characterization, and cytotoxic properties of the first metallocenonucleosides
 AUTHOR(S): Meunier, P.; Ouattara, I.; Gautheron, B.; Tirouflet, J.; Camboli, D.; Besancon, J.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Fac. Sci., Univ. Bourgogne, Dijon, 21000, Fr.
 SOURCE: European Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1991), 26(3), 351-62
 DOCUMENT TYPE: CODEN: EJMCA5; ISSN: 0223-5234
 LANGUAGE: Journal French
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 115:159621
 IT 136292-09-6P RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)
 RN 136292-09-6 CAPLUS
 CN Ferrocene, (1,2-dihydro-2-oxofuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-6-yl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



AB The synthesis of the first metallocenonucleosides (nucleosides containing a metallocenic moiety in their framework) of the formula $\text{Ns}-\text{C}(\text{tplbond.C-Fc})$, $\text{Ns}-\text{CH}=\text{CH-Fc}$ and $\text{Ns}-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2-\text{Fc}$ (Ns = uridine, deoxyuridine, adenosine; Fc = $\text{C}_5\text{H}_4\text{FeC}_5\text{H}_5$) has been conducted in the presence of Pd salt according to the following routes: i) reaction of a 5-chloromercuri-nucleoside on ethynylferrocene; ii) hydrozirconation (Schwartz, reagent) of ethynylferrocene followed by the reaction of a 5-halogeno nucleoside; iii) direct coupling between ethynylferrocene and a 5-halogeno nucleoside. The same procedures allowed the synthesis of the corresponding metallocenonucleobases $\text{Nb}-\text{C}(\text{tplbond.C-Fc})$, $\text{Nb}-\text{CH}=\text{CH-Fc}$ and $\text{NbCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{Fc}$ (Nb = uracil, cytosine, adenine) which have also been prepared by acid solvolysis of the nucleoside precursors. The compds. obtained were purified by HPLC

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technique and were characterized by ^1H NMR and mass spectrometry. The cytotoxicity in vitro has been studied. Only modest activity has been observed

L5 ANSWER 26 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:122259 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 114:122259

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 114:20825a, 20828a

TITLE: Some reactions with ω -bromoacetophenone:
synthesis of new pyrazole, pyrrole and furan
derivatives

AUTHOR(S): Abdelrazek, Fathy M.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Fac. Sci., Cairo Univ., Giza, Egypt

SOURCE: Journal fuer Praktische Chemie (Leipzig) (1990),
332(4), 479-83

CODEN: JPCEAO; ISSN: 0021-8383

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

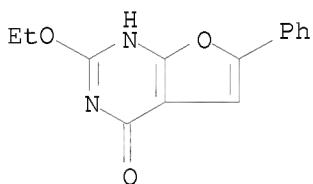
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 114:122259

IT 132629-72-2P

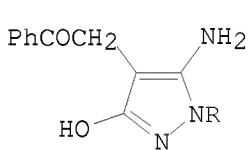
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)

RN 132629-72-2 CAPLUS

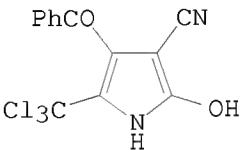
CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4(3H)-one, 2-ethoxy-6-phenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



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III



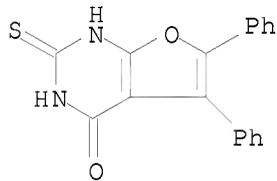
IV



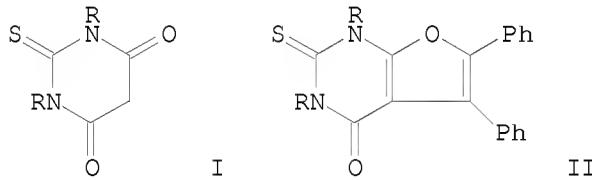
V

AB Phenacyl bromide (I) reacts with Et cyanoacetate in the presence of piperidine to afford BrCH₂CPh:C(CO₂Et):C(NH₂):C(CN)CO₂Et. Et phenacylcyanacetate (II) was obtained by reaction of I with NaCH(CN)CO₂Et. II reacts with hydrazines and trichloroacetonitrile to afford the pyrazoles III (R = H, Ph) and the pyrroles IV, resp. Refluxing II in acetic/sulfuric acid mixture afforded the furan derivs. V (R¹ = OEt, R² = NH₂; R¹ = NH₂, R² = OH).

L5 ANSWER 27 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1990:591272 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 113:191272
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 113:32381a, 32384a
 TITLE: Synthesis of 4-oxo-5,6-diphenyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2-thioxofuro[2,3-d]pyrimidines
 AUTHOR(S): Ahluwalia, V. K.; Tyagi, Renu; Kaur, Mohinder
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Univ. Delhi, Delhi, 110 007, India
 SOURCE: Indian Journal of Chemistry, Section B: Organic Chemistry Including Medicinal Chemistry (1990), 29B(6), 566-7
 CODEN: IJSBDB; ISSN: 0376-4699
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 113:191272
 IT 130231-78-6P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)
 RN 130231-78-6 CAPLUS
 CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4(1H)-one, 2,3-dihydro-5,6-diphenyl-2-thioxo- (CA INDEX NAME)



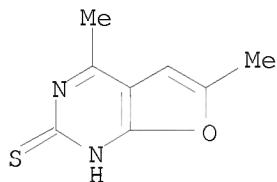
GI



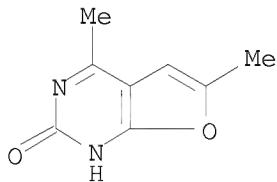
AB Condensation of thiobarbituric acids, e.g. I ($R = H, Ph, \alpha\text{-MeC}_6\text{H}_4, 3\text{-MeC}_6\text{H}_4, 4\text{-MeC}_6\text{H}_4, 4\text{-ClC}_6\text{H}_4, 4\text{-MeOC}_6\text{H}_4$), with benzoin in the presence of $4\text{-MeC}_6\text{H}_4\text{SO}_3\text{H}$ gave title compds. II.

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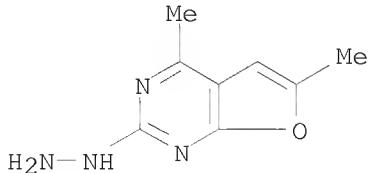
L5 ANSWER 28 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:211919 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 110:211919
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 110:35158h, 35159a
TITLE: Pyrimidine derivatives. LIX. Synthesis and mass spectra of some furo(2,3-d)pyrimidines
AUTHOR(S): Gapoyan, A. S.; Mirzoyan, V. S.; Khachatryan, V. E.; Melik-Ogandzhanyan, R. G.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Toukoi Org. Khim., Yerevan, USSR
SOURCE: Armyanskii Khimicheskii Zhurnal (1988), 41(6), 339-46
CODEN: AYKZAN; ISSN: 0515-9628
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: Russian
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 110:211919
IT 22727-33-9P 22727-41-9P 120455-71-2P
120455-78-9P 120455-79-0P 120455-80-3P
RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation and mass spectrum of)
RN 22727-33-9 CAPLUS
CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidine-2(1H)-thione, 4,6-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 22727-41-9 CAPLUS
CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2(1H)-one, 4,6-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



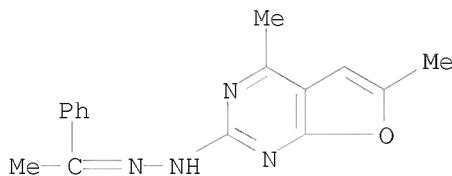
RN 120455-71-2 CAPLUS
CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidine, 2-hydrazinyl-4,6-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 120455-78-9 CAPLUS

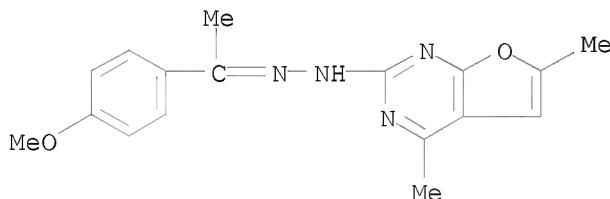
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CN Ethanone, 1-phenyl-, 2-(4,6-dimethylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)hydrazone
(CA INDEX NAME)



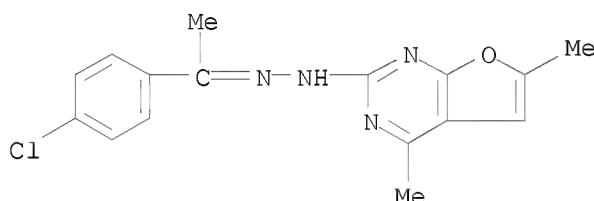
RN 120455-79-0 CAPLUS

CN Ethanone, 1-(4-methoxyphenyl)-, 2-(4,6-dimethylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)hydrazone (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 120455-80-3 CAPLUS

CN Ethanone, 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-, 2-(4,6-dimethylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)hydrazone (CA INDEX NAME)



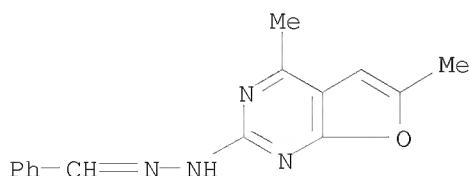
IT 120455-72-3P 120455-73-4P 120455-74-5P

120455-75-6P 120455-76-7P 120455-77-8P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)

RN 120455-72-3 CAPLUS

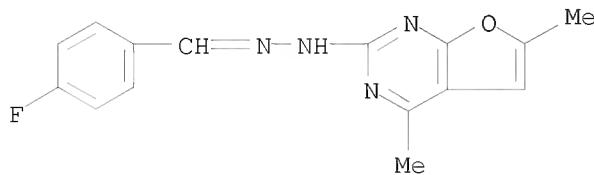
CN Benzaldehyde, 2-(4,6-dimethylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)hydrazone (CA INDEX NAME)



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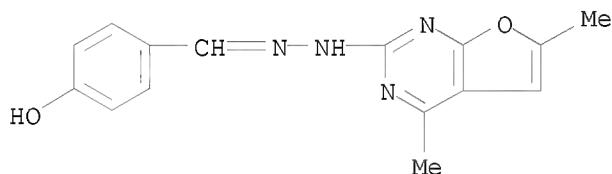
RN 120455-73-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzaldehyde, 4-fluoro-, 2-(4,6-dimethylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)hydrazone (CA INDEX NAME)



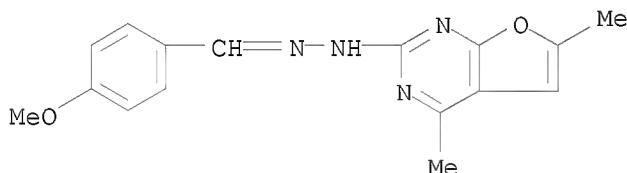
RN 120455-74-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzaldehyde, 4-hydroxy-, 2-(4,6-dimethylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)hydrazone (CA INDEX NAME)



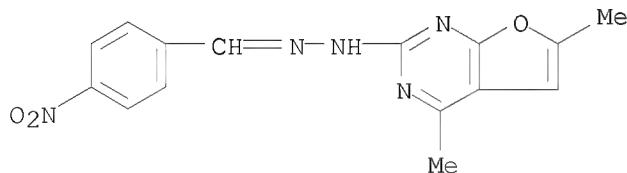
RN 120455-75-6 CAPLUS

CN Benzaldehyde, 4-methoxy-, 2-(4,6-dimethylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)hydrazone (CA INDEX NAME)



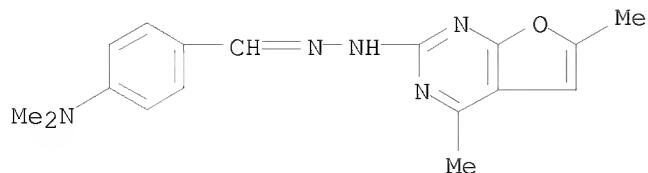
RN 120455-76-7 CAPLUS

CN Benzaldehyde, 4-nitro-, 2-(4,6-dimethylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)hydrazone (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 120455-77-8 CAPLUS

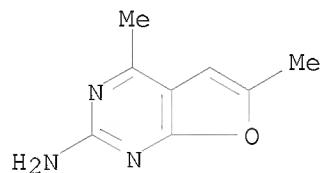
CN Benzaldehyde, 4-(dimethylamino)-, 2-(4,6-dimethylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)hydrazone (CA INDEX NAME)



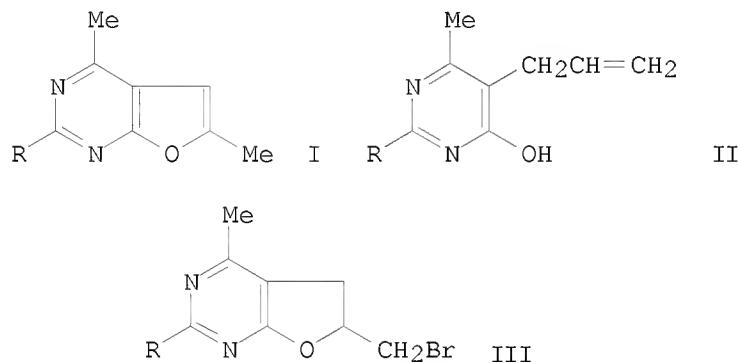
IT 22727-43-1P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation, mass spectrum and reactions of)

RN 22727-43-1 CAPLUS

CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-amine, 4,6-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



GI

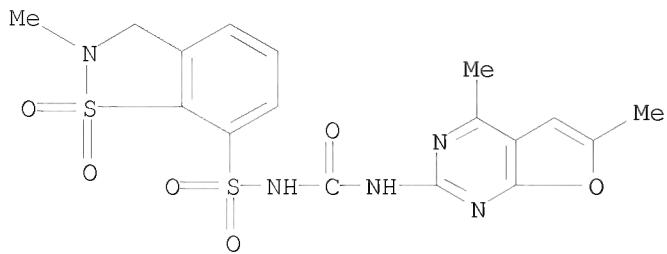


AB The main mass-spectral fragmentation paths of title compds. I ($R = H_2N$, MeS , HS , HO , Cl , MeO , Me_2N , H_2NNH) involved (1) loss of H and (2) loss of RCN followed by recyclization. I were prepared by bromination of allylpyrimidinols II ($R = H_2N$, MeS) to give dihydrofuropyrimidines III, conversion of III to the corresponding I, and further reactions of I ($R = H_2N$).

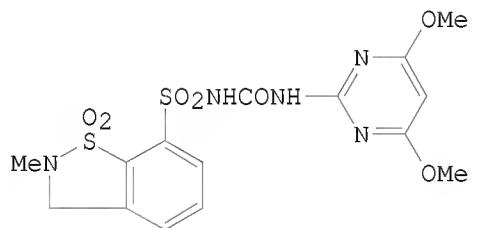
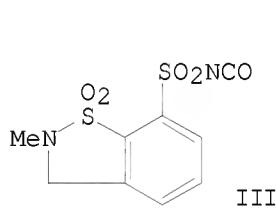
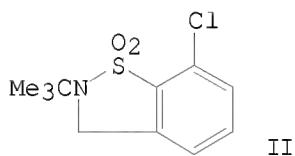
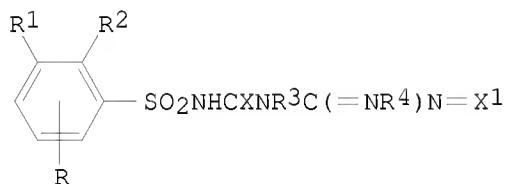
L5 ANSWER 29 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:591952 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 101:191952
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 101:29095a, 29098a
 TITLE: Phenyl-substituted sulfonamides
 INVENTOR(S): Pasteris, Robert James
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): du Pont de Nemours, E. I., and Co., USA
 SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 260 pp.
 CODEN: EPXXDW
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|-------------|
| EP 107979 | A1 | 19840509 | EP 1983-306595 | 19831028 |
| EP 107979 | B1 | 19881012 | | |
| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE | | | | |
| US 4586950 | A | 19860506 | US 1983-533341 | 19830920 |
| AU 8320659 | A | 19840503 | AU 1983-20659 | 19831027 |
| AU 593207 | B2 | 19900208 | | |
| BR 8305964 | A | 19840821 | BR 1983-5964 | 19831027 |
| ZA 8308015 | A | 19850626 | ZA 1983-8015 | 19831027 |
| CA 1239640 | A1 | 19880726 | CA 1983-439829 | 19831027 |
| JP 59095278 | A | 19831028 | JP 1983-201145 | 19831028 |
| DK 8304958 | A | 19840430 | DK 1983-4958 | 19831028 |
| HU 32706 | A2 | 19840920 | HU 1983-3720 | 19831028 |
| HU 194019 | B | 19880128 | | |
| AT 37770 | T | 19881015 | AT 1983-306595 | 19831028 |
| IL 70081 | A | 19881115 | IL 1983-70081 | 19831028 |
| SU 1676437 | A3 | 19910907 | SU 1983-3656772 | 19831028 |
| US 4620870 | A | 19861104 | US 1985-709340 | 19850307 |
| CA 1239641 | A2 | 19880726 | CA 1986-500783 | 19860520 |
| CA 1240995 | A2 | 19880823 | CA 1986-500782 | 19860520 |
| CA 1239642 | A2 | 19880726 | CA 1986-500784 | 19860522 |
| US 4741761 | A | 19880503 | US 1986-878216 | 19860625 |
| US 4867781 | A | 19890919 | US 1988-148995 | 19880127 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | US 1982-437632 | A 19821029 |
| | | | US 1983-499443 | A 19830531 |
| | | | US 1983-533341 | A 19830920 |
| | | | CA 1983-439829 | A3 19831027 |
| | | | EP 1983-306595 | A 19831028 |
| | | | US 1985-709340 | A3 19850307 |
| | | | US 1986-878216 | A3 19860625 |

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 101:191952; MARPAT 101:191952
 IT 92822-92-9P
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation and herbicidal activity of)
 RN 92822-92-9 CAPLUS
 CN 1,2-Benzisothiazole-7-sulfonamide,
 N-[(4,6-dimethylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)amino]carbonyl]-2,3-dihydro-2-methyl-, 1,1-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)

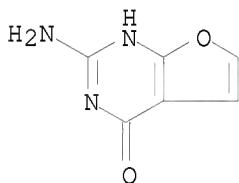


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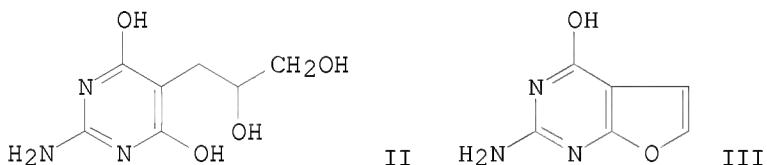


AB Aryl- and heteroarylsulfonylureas I [R = H, Br, Cl, F, Me, MeO, MeS, F3C, F2CHO; R1R2 = atoms required to complete an (un)substituted 6-membered carbocycle or heterocycle containing O, S, and/or N; R3 = H, Me; R4X1 = atoms required to complete an (un)substituted pyrimidine, s-triazine, or 1,2,4-triazole ring; X = O, S] were prepared. Thus, 2-C1C6H4SO2NHCM3 was lithiated and cyclocondensed with DMF to give benzothiadiazole II. This was converted in 8 steps to benzothiadiazolesulfonyl isocyanate III, which was condensed with 2-amino-4,6-dimethoxypyrimidine to give sulfonylurea IV. Selected I are effective herbicides at 50-250 g/ha.

L5 ANSWER 30 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:591843 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 101:191843
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 101:29071a,29074a
TITLE: Synthesis of some substituted
5-(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)pyrimidines and their periodate
oxidation
AUTHOR(S): Wang, Pushan; Ye, Xiulin; Zhang, Pang
CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Univ. Beijing, Beijing, Peop. Rep. China
SOURCE: Huaxue Xuebao (1984), 42(7), 722-6
CODEN: HHHPA4; ISSN: 0567-7351
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: Chinese
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 101:191843
IT 92920-49-5P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)
RN 92920-49-5 CAPLUS
CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4(3H)-one, 2-amino- (CA INDEX NAME)



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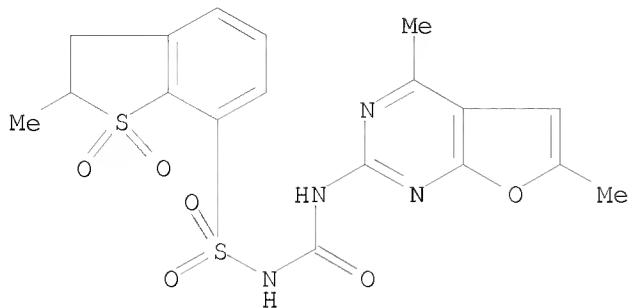


AB Et 4-hydroxymethylbutyrolactone-2-carboxylate, 2-acetyl-4-hydroxymethylbutyrolactone (I), their 5-O-benzyl derivs., and di-Et (2,3-O-isopropylidenedioxypropyl)malonate and its Et acetoacetate analog were synthesized. They condensed with guanidine to give various substituted 5-(2,3-dihydroxypropyl)pyrimidines, but only I could condense with thiourea. Modification in side chain structure and conversion of the lactone ring to acyclic structure did not alter the situation. Periodate oxidation of (dihydroxypropyl)pyrimidine II resulted in cyclization to give furopyrimidine derivative III.

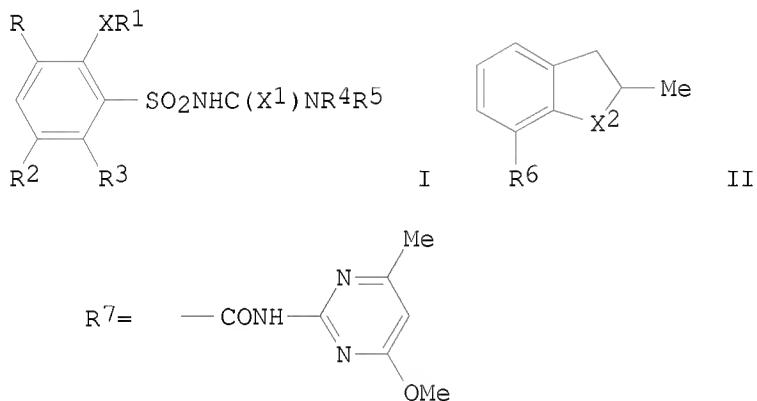
L5 ANSWER 31 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1983:558472 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 99:158472
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 99:24301a, 24304a
 TITLE: Herbicidal sulfonamides
 INVENTOR(S): Rorer, Morris Padgett; Pasteris, Robert James
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): du Pont de Nemours, E. I., and Co., USA
 SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 226 pp.
 CODEN: EPXXDW
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|----------|
| EP 79683 | A2 | 19830525 | EP 1982-305498 | 19821015 |
| EP 79683 | A3 | 19831116 | | |
| EP 79683 | B1 | 19870506 | | |
| R: AT, BE, CH, US 4492596 | DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE A | 19850108 | US 1982-406191 | 19820811 |
| DK 8204569 | A | 19830417 | DK 1982-4569 | 19821014 |
| AU 8289354 | A | 19830421 | AU 1982-89354 | 19821014 |
| AU 591450 | B2 | 19891207 | | |
| BR 8206012 | A | 19830913 | BR 1982-6012 | 19821014 |
| ZA 8207525 | A | 19840530 | ZA 1982-7525 | 19821014 |
| CA 1239404 | A1 | 19880719 | CA 1982-413385 | 19821014 |
| CA 1240994 | A1 | 19880823 | CA 1982-413400 | 19821014 |
| JP 58079992 | A | 19830513 | JP 1982-180058 | 19821015 |
| HU 30866 | A2 | 19840428 | HU 1982-3290 | 19821015 |
| HU 192121 | B | 19870528 | | |
| PL 138705 | B1 | 19861031 | PL 1982-238644 | 19821015 |
| AT 26980 | T | 19870515 | AT 1982-305498 | 19821015 |
| PL 142685 | B1 | 19871130 | PL 1982-249406 | 19821015 |
| IL 66998 | A | 19880731 | IL 1982-66998 | 19821015 |
| IL 80204 | A | 19880731 | IL 1982-80204 | 19821015 |
| US 4514211 | A | 19850430 | US 1983-489099 | 19830427 |
| US 4582527 | A | 19860415 | US 1984-641579 | 19840816 |
| US 4720298 | A | 19880119 | US 1986-819670 | 19860117 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | | |
| | | US 1981-312183 | A | 19811016 |
| | | US 1982-406191 | A | 19820811 |
| | | US 1982-410993 | A | 19820827 |
| | | EP 1982-305498 | A | 19821015 |
| | | IL 1982-66998 | A | 19821015 |
| | | US 1984-641579 | A3 | 19840816 |

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 99:158472; MARPAT 99:158472
 IT 87254-49-7P
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation and herbicidal activity of)
 RN 87254-49-7 CAPLUS
 CN Benzo[b]thiophene-7-sulfonamide, N-[(4,6-dimethylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)amino]carbonyl]-2,3-dihydro-2-methyl-, 1,1-dioxide (CA INDEX NAME)



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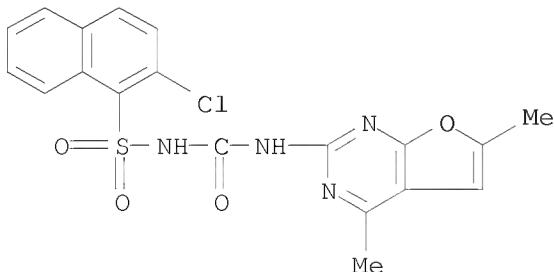
AB Arylsulfonylureas I [RR1 = (un)substituted alkanediyl, alkenediyl; R2 = H, Cl, Me, CF₃, OMe, Br; R3 = H, Me, OMe, Cl, Br, NO₂, (un)substituted alkoxy carbonyl, alkylsulfonyl, alkylsulfonyloxy, aminosulfonyl; R4 = H, Me; R5 = substituted triazinyl, pyrimidinyl; X = O, S, SO₂; X1 = S, O] were prepared. Thus H₂C:CHCH₂SC₆H₄NH₂-2 was pyrolyzed to give benzothiophene II (X₂ = S, R₆ = NH₂), which was protected using Ac₂O and treated with H₂O₂ to give II (X₂ = SO₂, R₆ = NHAc). The latter compound was hydrolyzed and treated with NaNO₂, CuCl₂, and SO₂ to give II (X₂ = SO₂, R₆ = SO₂Cl), which gave II (R₆ = SO₂NH₂) on reaction with NH₃. The latter compound was condensed with R₇OMe to give II (X₂ = SO₂, R₆ = SO₂NHR₇) (III). III gave 100% kill of Cyperus rotundus at 0.05 kg/ha pre- and postemergent.

L5 ANSWER 32 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1983:160745 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 98:160745
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 98:24399a, 24402a
 TITLE: Herbicidal sulfonamides
 INVENTOR(S): Levitt, George
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): du Pont de Nemours, E. I., and Co., USA
 SOURCE: U.S., 35 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 98,724,
 abandoned.
 CODEN: USXXAM
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|-------------|
| US 4370479 | A | 19830125 | US 1980-184371 | 19800915 |
| ZA 8006650 | A | 19820630 | ZA 1980-6650 | 19801029 |
| BR 8007673 | A | 19810609 | BR 1980-7673 | 19801125 |
| CA 1157021 | A1 | 19831115 | CA 1980-365589 | 19801127 |
| AU 8064921 | A | 19810604 | AU 1980-64921 | 19801128 |
| AU 535593 | B2 | 19840329 | | |
| EP 30141 | A2 | 19810610 | EP 1980-304286 | 19801128 |
| EP 30141 | A3 | 19810819 | | |
| EP 30141 | B1 | 19840620 | | |
| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LU, NL, SE | | | | |
| JP 56087570 | A | 19810716 | JP 1980-166876 | 19801128 |
| JP 61029345 | B | 19860705 | | |
| AT 8004 | T | 19840715 | AT 1980-304286 | 19801128 |
| HU 33366 | A2 | 19841128 | HU 1980-2841 | 19801128 |
| US 4452627 | A | 19840605 | US 1982-421415 | 19820922 |
| US 4460404 | A | 19840717 | US 1982-421416 | 19820922 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | US 1979-98724 | A2 19791130 |
| | | | US 1980-184371 | A 19800915 |
| | | | EP 1980-304286 | A 19801128 |

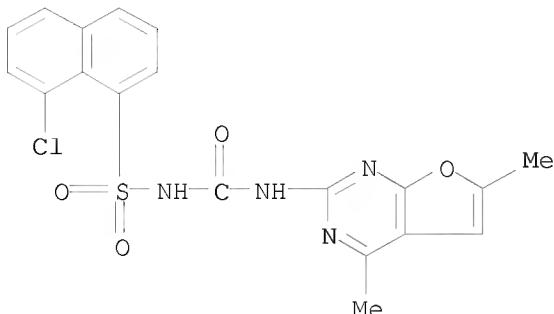
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 98:160745

IT 79163-79-4P 79163-86-3P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)
 RN 79163-79-4 CAPLUS
 CN 1-Naphthalenesulfonamide, 2-chloro-N-[(4,6-dimethylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)amino]carbonyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

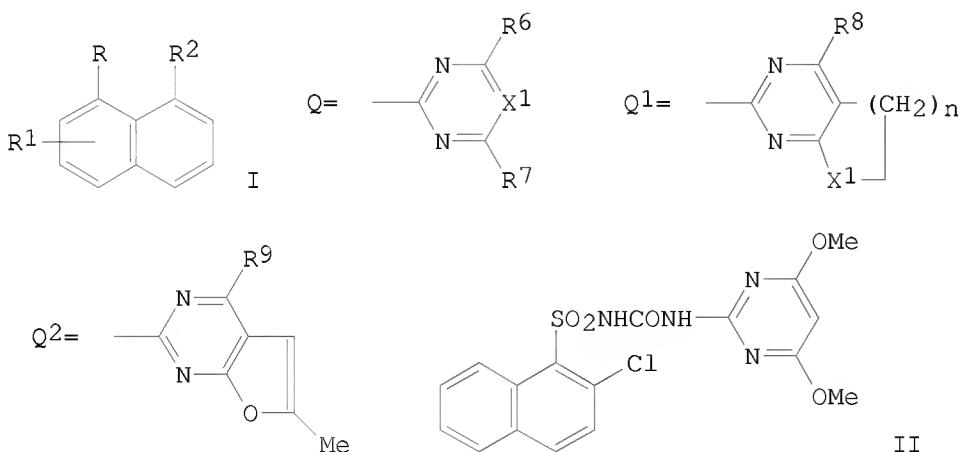


RN 79163-86-3 CAPLUS

CN 1-Naphthalenesulfonamide, 8-chloro-N-[[(4,6-dimethylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)amino]carbonyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



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AB The title compds. I [R = Cl, F, Br, NO₂, Me, diallylaminosulfonyl, MeONMeSO₂, alkylsulfonyl, alkoxy sulfonyl, alkoxy, alkylsulfonyloxy, F₃CSO₃; R₁ = H, F, Cl, Br, MeO, O₂N; R₂ = SO₂NHC(:X)NR₃R₄; SO₂N:C(XR₅)NHR₄ [X = O, S, R₃ = H, Me; R₄ = Q (R₆ = Me, MeO, EtO, R₇ = H, (un)substituted alkyl, (un)substituted alkoxy, alkenyloxy, substituted amino, X₁ = H, CH), Q₁ (R₈ = H, Me, MeO; X₂ = O, CH₂, n = 1, 2), Q₂ (R₉ = H, Me), R₅ = alkyl]] were prepared. Thus, 2-amino-4,6-dimethoxypyrimidine was treated with 2-chloro-1-naphthalenesulfonyl isocyanate to give the sulfonamide II. At 0.4 kg/ha II completely controlled cocklebur in postemergence application.

REFERENCE COUNT:

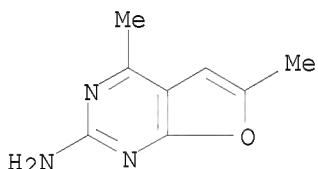
2

THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

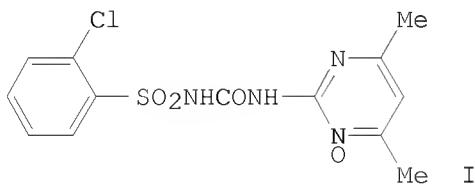
L5 ANSWER 33 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1983:4570 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 98:4570
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 98:821a,824a
 TITLE: Sulfonylurea N-oxides
 INVENTOR(S): Tseng, Chi Ping
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): du Pont de Nemours, E. I., and Co. , USA
 SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 222 pp.
 CODEN: EPXXDW
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| EP 57546 | A2 | 19820811 | EP 1982-300353 | 19820125 |
| EP 57546 | A3 | 19821103 | | |
| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LU, NL, SE | | | | |
| BR 8200353 | A | 19821123 | BR 1982-353 | 19820122 |
| DK 8200319 | A | 19820727 | DK 1982-319 | 19820125 |
| AU 8279805 | A | 19820805 | AU 1982-79805 | 19820125 |
| JP 57146764 | A | 19820910 | JP 1982-9029 | 19820125 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | US 1981-228706 | A 19810126 |
| | | | US 1981-325121 | A 19811130 |

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 98:4570
 IT 22727-43-1P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)
 RN 22727-43-1 CAPLUS
 CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-amine, 4,6-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



GI



AB RSO2NHCONR1R2 (R = substituted phenyl, pyridyl, thienyl, 1-naphthyl; R1 = substituted pyrimidinyl, triazinyl, furopyrimidinyl, pyranopyrimidinyl; R2 = H, Me) (30 compds.) were prepared Thus, 4,6-dimethyl-2-pyrimidinamine was oxidized to the 1-oxide and treated with 2-ClC6H4SO2NCO to give I which at

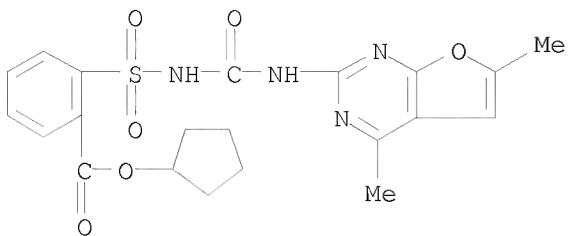
10551569

0.4 kg/ha pre- were post-emergence gave > 90% control of various weeds.

L5 ANSWER 34 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1982:217874 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 96:217874
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 96:36009a,36012a
 TITLE: Herbicidal sulfonamides
 INVENTOR(S): Zimmerman, William Thomas
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): du Pont de Nemours, E. I., and Co. , USA
 SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 154 pp.
 CODEN: EPXXDW
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

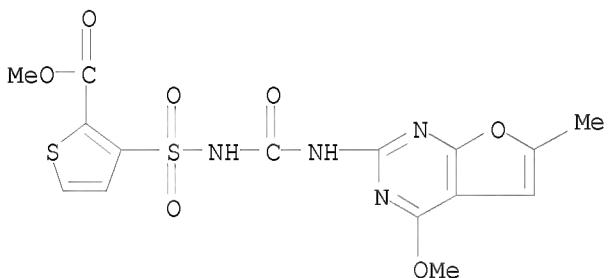
| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| EP 46677 | A2 | 19820303 | EP 1981-303837 | 19810821 |
| EP 46677 | A3 | 19820922 | | |
| EP 46677 | B1 | 19850724 | | |
| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LU, NL, SE | | | | |
| US 4487626 | A | 19841211 | US 1981-286159 | 19810727 |
| AU 8174279 | A | 19820225 | AU 1981-74279 | 19810818 |
| AU 545336 | B2 | 19850711 | | |
| BR 8105314 | A | 19820504 | BR 1981-5314 | 19810820 |
| ZA 8105765 | A | 19830427 | ZA 1981-5765 | 19810820 |
| CA 1204115 | A1 | 19860506 | CA 1981-384240 | 19810820 |
| DK 8103709 | A | 19820223 | DK 1981-3709 | 19810821 |
| JP 57070891 | A | 19820501 | JP 1981-130388 | 19810821 |
| AT 14432 | T | 19850815 | AT 1981-303837 | 19810821 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | US 1980-180482 | A 19800822 |
| | | | US 1981-286159 | A 19810727 |
| | | | EP 1981-303837 | A 19810821 |

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 96:217874
 IT 81887-03-8P 81887-08-3P 81887-09-4P
 81887-10-7P 81887-11-8P 81887-12-9P
 81887-13-0P 81887-14-1P 81887-15-2P
 81887-16-3P 81887-17-4P 81887-18-5P
 81887-19-6P 81887-24-3P 81887-26-5P
 81887-27-6P 81887-29-8P 81887-30-1P
 81887-31-2P 81887-32-3P 81887-33-4P
 81887-34-5P 81887-35-6P 81887-36-7P
 81887-37-8P 81887-38-9P 81887-39-0P
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation and herbicidal activity of)
 RN 81887-03-8 CAPLUS
 CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[[(4,6-dimethylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)amino]carbonyl]amino]sulfonyl]-, cyclopentyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



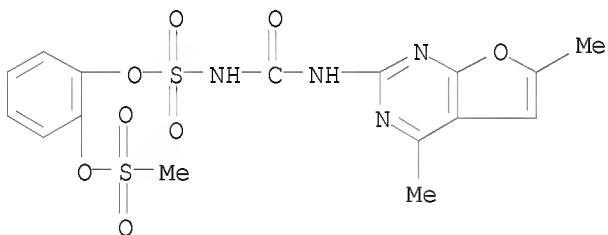
RN 81887-08-3 CAPLUS

CN 2-Thiophenecarboxylic acid, 3-[[[[(4-methoxy-6-methylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)amino]carbonyl]amino]sulfonyl]-, methyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



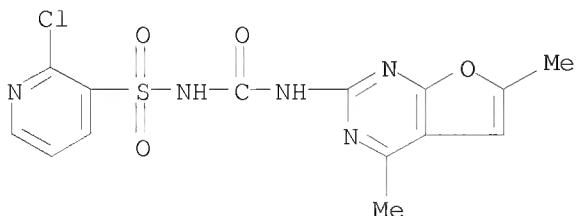
RN 81887-09-4 CAPLUS

CN Sulfamic acid, [(4,6-dimethylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)amino]carbonyl-, 2-[(methylsulfonyl)oxy]phenyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 81887-10-7 CAPLUS

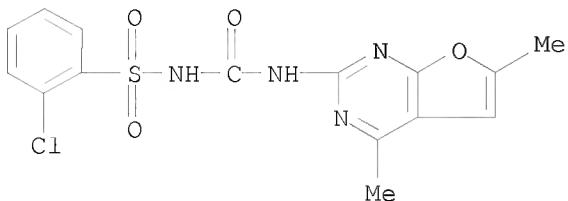
CN 3-Pyridinesulfonamide, 2-chloro-N-[(4,6-dimethylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)amino]carbonyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



10551569

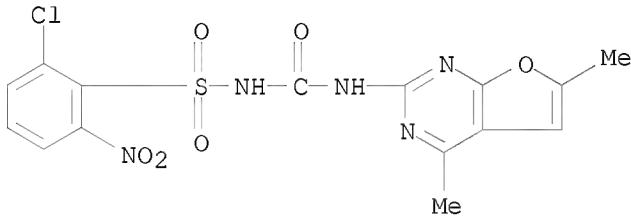
RN 81887-11-8 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 2-chloro-N-[[(4,6-dimethylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)amino]carbonyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



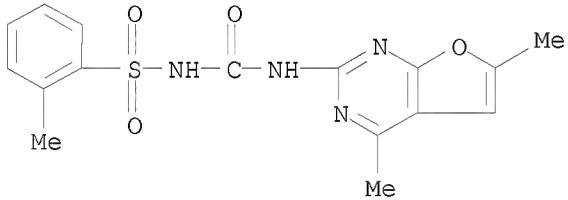
RN 81887-12-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 2-chloro-N-[(4,6-dimethylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)amino]carbonyl]-6-nitro- (CA INDEX NAME)



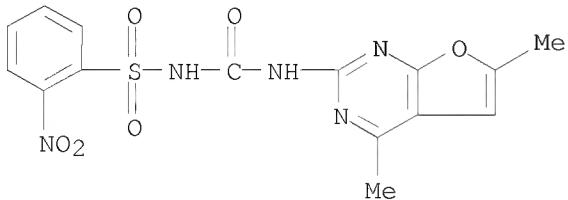
RN 81887-13-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, N-[(4,6-dimethylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)amino]carbonyl]-2-methyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 81887-14-1 CAPLUS

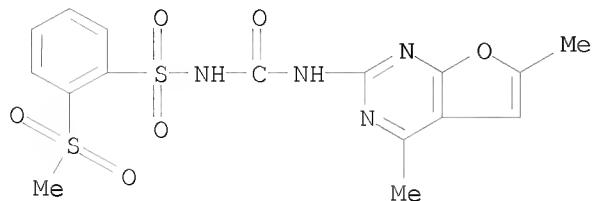
CN Benzenesulfonamide, N-[(4,6-dimethylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)amino]carbonyl]-2-nitro- (CA INDEX NAME)



10551569

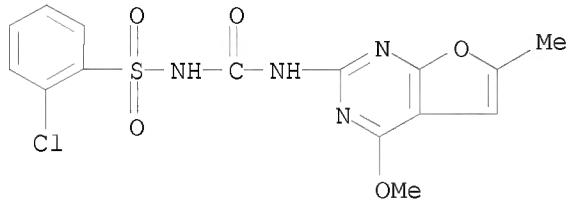
RN 81887-15-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, N-[[(4,6-dimethylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)amino]carbonyl]-2-(methylsulfonyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



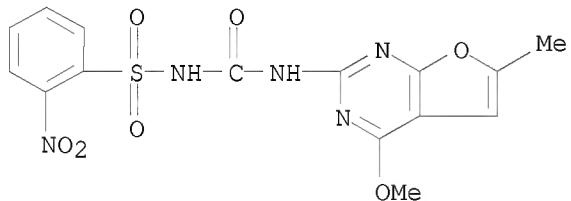
RN 81887-16-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 2-chloro-N-[(4-methoxy-6-methylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)amino]carbonyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



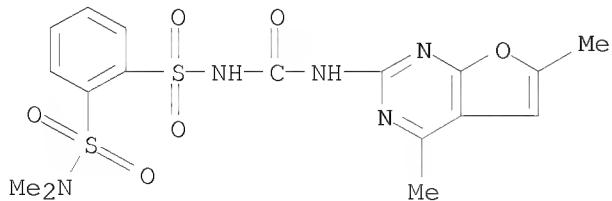
RN 81887-17-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, N-[(4-methoxy-6-methylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)amino]carbonyl]-2-nitro- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 81887-18-5 CAPLUS

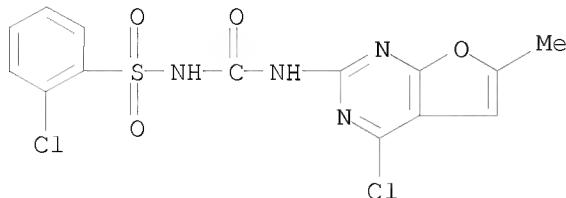
CN 1,2-Benzenedisulfonamide, N2-[(4,6-dimethylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)amino]carbonyl]-N1,N1-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



10551569

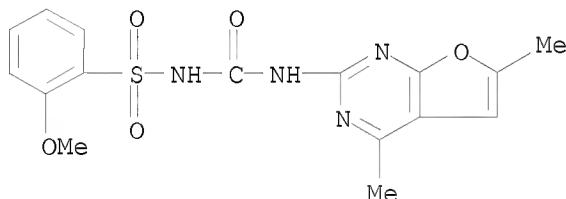
RN 81887-19-6 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 2-chloro-N-[[(4-chloro-6-methylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)amino]carbonyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



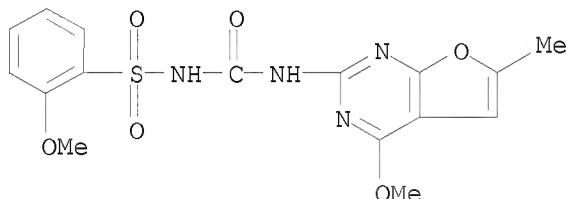
RN 81887-24-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, N-[(4,6-dimethylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)amino]carbonyl-2-methoxy- (CA INDEX NAME)



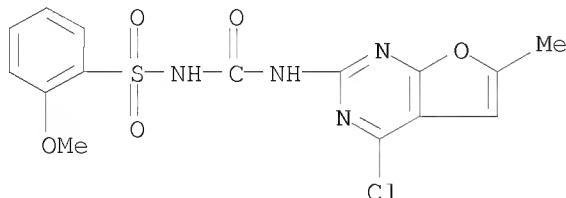
RN 81887-26-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 2-methoxy-N-[(4-methoxy-6-methylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)amino]carbonyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 81887-27-6 CAPLUS

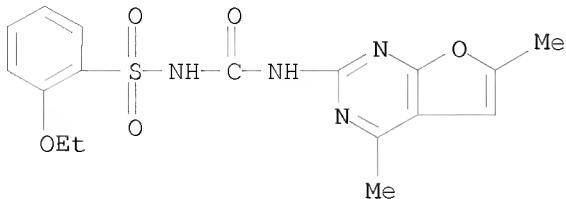
CN Benzenesulfonamide, N-[(4-chloro-6-methylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)amino]carbonyl-2-methoxy- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 81887-29-8 CAPLUS

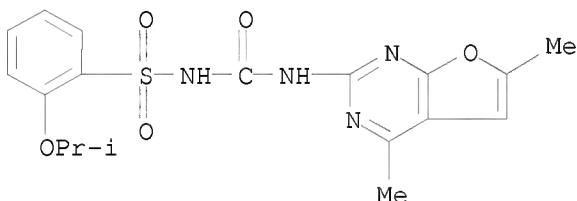
10551569

CN Benzenesulfonamide, N-[[(4,6-dimethylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)amino]carbonyl]-2-ethoxy- (CA INDEX NAME)



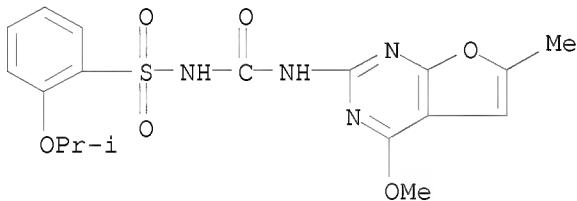
RN 81887-30-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, N-[[(4,6-dimethylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)amino]carbonyl]-2-(1-methylethoxy)- (CA INDEX NAME)



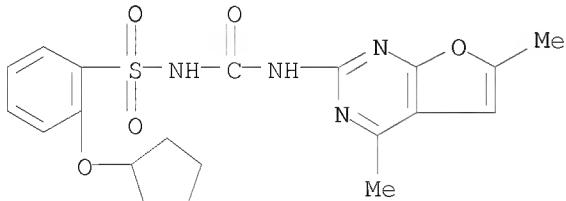
RN 81887-31-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, N-[[(4-methoxy-6-methylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)amino]carbonyl]-2-(1-methylethoxy)- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 81887-32-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 2-(cyclopentyloxy)-N-[[(4,6-dimethylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)amino]carbonyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

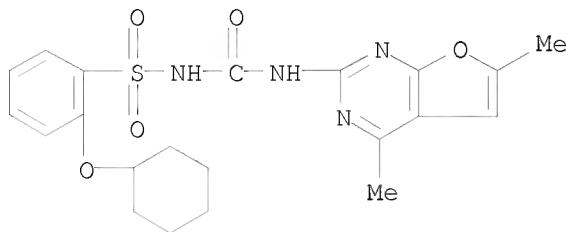


RN 81887-33-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 2-(cyclohexyloxy)-N-[[(4,6-dimethylfuro[2,3-

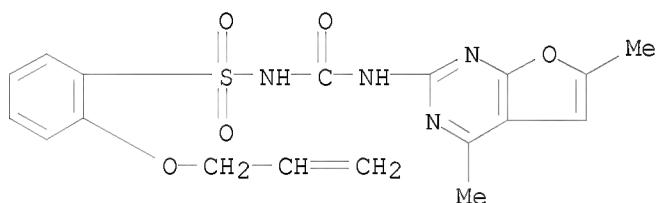
10551569

d]pyrimidin-2-yl)amino]carbonyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



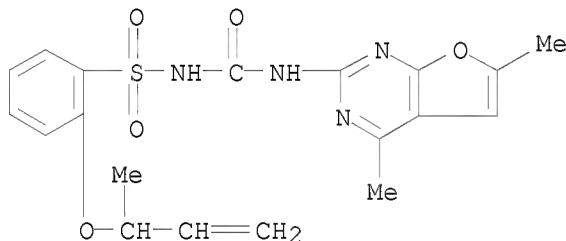
RN 81887-34-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, N-[[(4,6-dimethylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)amino]carbonyl]-2-(2-propen-1-yloxy)- (CA INDEX NAME)



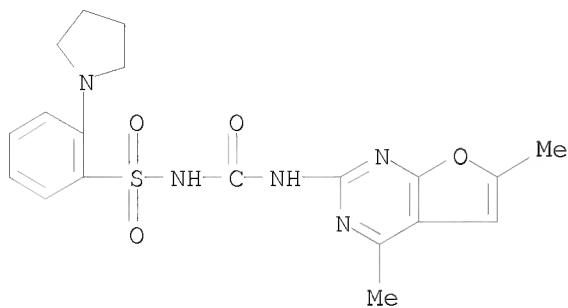
RN 81887-35-6 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, N-[[(4,6-dimethylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)amino]carbonyl]-2-[(1-methyl-2-propen-1-yl)oxy]- (CA INDEX NAME)



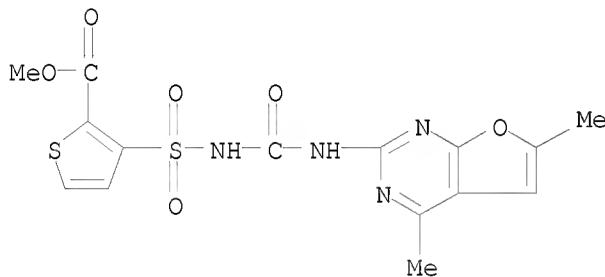
RN 81887-36-7 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, N-[[(4,6-dimethylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)amino]carbonyl]-2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



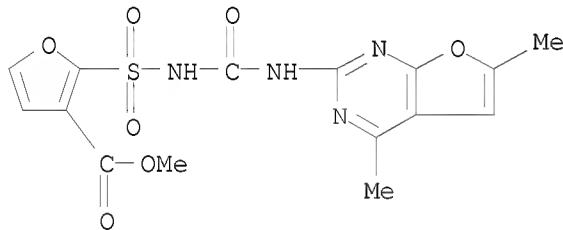
RN 81887-37-8 CAPLUS

CN 2-Thiophenecarboxylic acid, 3-[[(4,6-dimethylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)amino]carbonyl]amino]sulfonyl]-, methyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



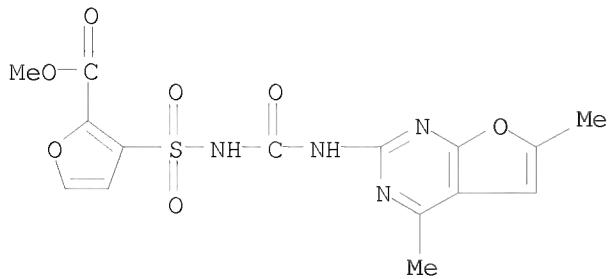
RN 81887-38-9 CAPLUS

CN 3-Furancarboxylic acid, 2-[[(4,6-dimethylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)amino]carbonyl]amino]sulfonyl]-, methyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

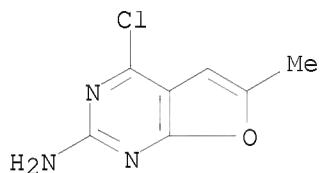


RN 81887-39-0 CAPLUS

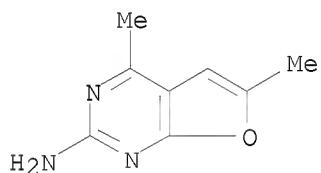
CN 2-Furancarboxylic acid, 3-[[(4,6-dimethylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)amino]carbonyl]amino]sulfonyl]-, methyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



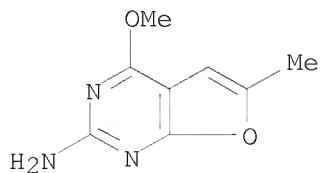
IT 81887-06-1P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (preparation and methoxylation of)
 RN 81887-06-1 CAPLUS
 CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-amine, 4-chloro-6-methyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 22727-43-1P 81887-07-2P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (preparation and reaction of, with sulfonyl isocyanates)
 RN 22727-43-1 CAPLUS
 CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-amine, 4,6-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 81887-07-2 CAPLUS
 CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-amine, 4-methoxy-6-methyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

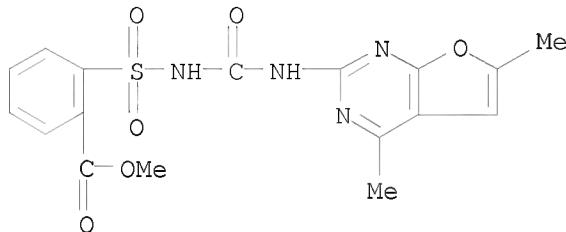


IT 81887-02-7P

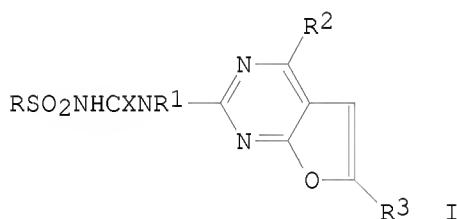
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (preparation and transesterification of)

RN 81887-02-7 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 2-[[[[[(4,6-dimethylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)amino]carbonyl]amino]sulfonyl]-, methyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



GI



AB Sulfonylureidofuropyrimidines I ($X = O, S$; $R = \text{substituted Ph, phenoxy, pyridyl, furyl, thienyl}$; $R1 = H, Me$; $R2 = Me, Et, Cl, OMe, OEt, NMe2, SMe$; $R3 = H, Me, Et$) were prepared. Thus, $\text{MeCOCH}(\text{CO}_2\text{Et})\text{CH}_2\text{C.tplbond.CH}$ was treated with guanidine carbonate to give 2-amino-4,6-dimethylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidine which was treated with $2-\text{MeO}_2\text{CC}_6\text{H}_4\text{SO}_2\text{NCO}$ to give I ($R = 2-\text{MeO}_2\text{CC}_6\text{H}_4$, $R1 = H$, $R2 = R3 = Me$, $X = O$, II). At 0.4 kg/ha II gave preemergence total control of, e.g., nutsedge and barnyard grass.

L5 ANSWER 35 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1981:569225 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 95:169225
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 95:28293a, 28296a
 TITLE: Herbicidal ureas and isoureas, compositions and use thereof, intermediates therefor and preparation of said intermediates
 INVENTOR(S): Levitt, George
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): du Pont de Nemours, E. I., and Co. , USA
 SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 84 pp.
 CODEN: EPXXDW
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| EP 30141 | A2 | 19810610 | EP 1980-304286 | 19801128 |
| EP 30141 | A3 | 19810819 | | |
| EP 30141 | B1 | 19840620 | | |
| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LU, NL, SE | | | | |
| US 4370479 | A | 19830125 | US 1980-184371 | 19800915 |
| AT 8004 | T | 19840715 | AT 1980-304286 | 19801128 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: | | | US 1979-98724 | A 19791130 |
| | | | US 1980-184371 | A 19800915 |
| | | | EP 1980-304286 | A 19801128 |

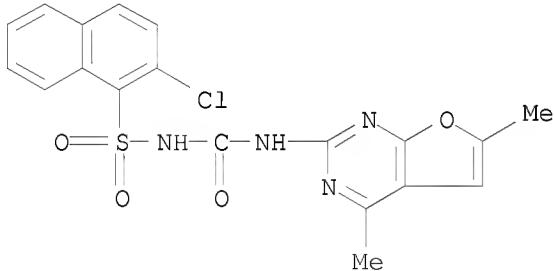
OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 95:169225

IT 79163-79-4P 79163-86-3P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)

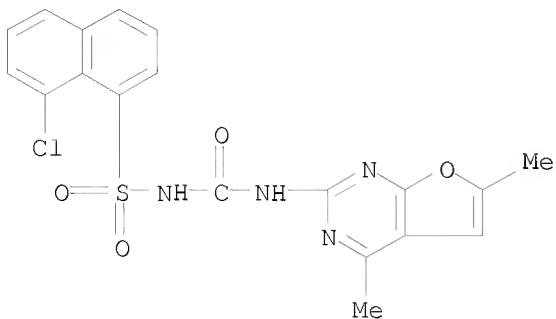
RN 79163-79-4 CAPLUS

CN 1-Naphthalenesulfonamide, 2-chloro-N-[(4,6-dimethylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)amino]carbonyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

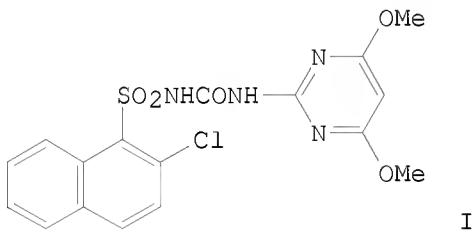


RN 79163-86-3 CAPLUS

CN 1-Naphthalenesulfonamide, 8-chloro-N-[(4,6-dimethylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl)amino]carbonyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

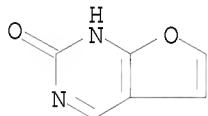


GI

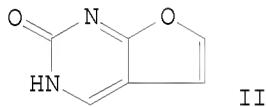


AB Azinyl(naphthylsulfonyl)ureas, -thioureas, and -S-methylisothioureas (25 compds.) were prepared. Thus I was obtained by treating 2-chloro-1-naphthalenesulfonyl isocyanate with 2-amino-4,6-dimethoxypyrimidine. I was herbicidal at 0.04 kg/ha both pre- and post-emergence.

L5 ANSWER 36 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1977:189835 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 86:189835
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 86:29773a,29776a
 TITLE: Incorporation of 5-substituted uracil derivatives into nucleic acids. III. Synthesis of 5-substituted uracils derived from 5-acetyluracil
 AUTHOR(S): Bleackley, R. C.; Jones, A. S.; Walker, R. T.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Univ. Birmingham, Birmingham, UK
 SOURCE: Tetrahedron (1976), 32(22), 2795-7
 CODEN: TETRAB; ISSN: 0040-4020
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 IT 62785-91-5P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)
 RN 62785-91-5 CAPLUS
 CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2(1H)-one (CA INDEX NAME)



GI



AB Bromination of 5-acetyluracil gave 73% 5-(bromoacetyl)uracil (I) which on reduction with NaBH₄ gave 5-(2-hydroxyethyl)uracil. I showed low antibacterial activity against *Staphylococcus aureus*, *Streptococcus faecalis*, and *Escherichia coli* in nutrient broth, and appreciable activity (.apprx.6 µg/mL) against *E. coli* in a medium containing inorg. salts, glucose, and thymine. I was not incorporated into the DNA of *E. coli*.
 Bromination of 5-vinyluracil gave 85% E-5-(2-bromovinyl)uracil (II) which with KOCMe₃ gave 58% furanopyrimidinone II and on reduction with Na in liquid NH₃ gave 5-ethyluracil.

L5 ANSWER 37 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1973:147904 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 78:147904

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 78:23777a, 23780a

TITLE: Heterocyclic compounds from lactones, lactams, and thiollactones. XV. Reaction of α -acyl- and α -alkoxyethylidene- $\Delta\beta,\gamma$ -butenolidess with amidines, guanidines, and hydrazines

AUTHOR(S): Wolfers, Heinrich; Kraatz, Udo; Korte, Friedhelm

CORPORATE SOURCE: Org.-Chem. Inst., Univ. Bonn, Bonn, Fed. Rep. Ger.

SOURCE: Chemische Berichte (1973), 106(3), 874-71

CODEN: CHBEAM; ISSN: 0009-2940

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: German

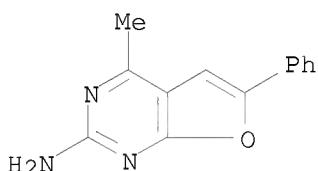
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 78:147904

IT 41279-47-4P 41279-50-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)

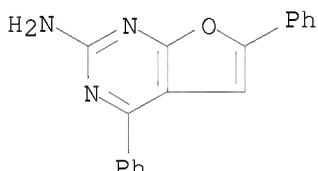
RN 41279-47-4 CAPLUS

CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-amine, 4-methyl-6-phenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 41279-50-9 CAPLUS

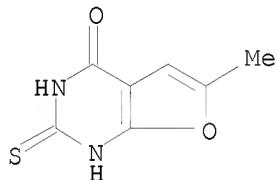
CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-amine, 4,6-diphenyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB The α -acylbutenolides (I; R = Ph; R1 = Me or Ph; R2 = H) reacted with H2NR3 to give the enolate II [R3 = NHMe, NHPh, C(:NH)NH2, CPh, NH, or CMe:NH], whereas the enol ethers I (R, R1, R2, = Me or Ph) with H2NCR3:NH and H2NNHR gave the pyrimidinones III (R, R1 = Me or Ph; R3 Me, Ph, PhCH2, MeS, H2N, or Me2N) and pyrazolinones IV(R = H or Ph), resp. III(R3 = NH2or MeN) cyclized spontaneously or under mild conditions to give the furopyrimidines V. The ir and NMR spectra of the resulting compds. are reported.

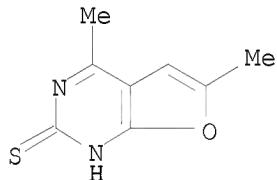
L5 ANSWER 38 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1970:78968 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 72:78968
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 72:14381a, 14384a
 TITLE: 2,3-Disubstituted furans and pyrroles. VIII. New synthetic method for 4-substituted furo[2,3-d]pyrimidines and some thieno[2,3-d]pyrimidines
 AUTHOR(S): Marquet, Jean Pierre; Andre-Louisfert, Jeanine; Bisagni, Emile
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Radium, Fac. Sci., Orsay, Fr.
 SOURCE: Bulletin de la Societe Chimique de France (1969), (12), 4344-8
 CODEN: BSCFAS; ISSN: 0037-8968
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: French
 IT 25716-56-7P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)
 RN 25716-56-7 CAPLUS
 CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4(1H)-one, 2,3-dihydro-6-methyl-2-thioxo- (CA INDEX NAME)



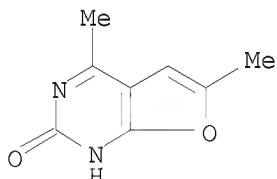
GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
 AB I was treated with $\text{RC}(:\text{NH})\text{NH}_2$ to give II ($\text{R} = \text{Ph}$, SH , or NH_2) which were cyclized with 98% H_2SO_4 and treated with POCl_3 to give III ($\text{X} = \text{O}$, $\text{R}_1 = \text{Cl}$), which with NH_3 , N_2H_4 , amines, thiourea, or NaOMe gave III ($\text{X} = \text{O}$; $\text{R} = \text{H}$, Me , or Ph ; $\text{R}_1 = \text{NH}_2$, NHNH_2 , NHCH_2Ph , $\text{NHCH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{OH}$, SH , or MeO). III ($\text{X} = \text{S}$, $\text{R} = \text{Me}$, SMe , or H ; $\text{R}_1 = \text{Me}$, NMe_2 , or SH) were similarly prepared

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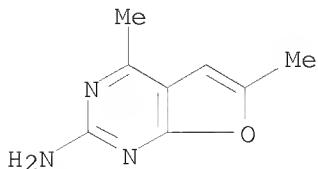
L5 ANSWER 39 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1969:403352 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 71:3352
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 71:625a,628a
TITLE: 2,3-Disubstituted furans and pyrroles. VI. Synthesis
of some new pyrimidines and their transformation into
furo- and pyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidines
AUTHOR(S): Bisagni, Emile; Marquet, Jean P.; Andre-Louisfert,
Jeannine
CORPORATE SOURCE: Lab. Synt. Org., Fac. Sci., Orsay, Fr.
SOURCE: Bulletin de la Societe Chimique de France (1969), (3),
803-11
CODEN: BSCFAS; ISSN: 0037-8968
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: French
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 71:3352
IT 22727-33-9P 22727-41-9P 22727-43-1P
22727-45-3P 23091-34-1P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)
RN 22727-33-9 CAPLUS
CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidine-2(1H)-thione, 4,6-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



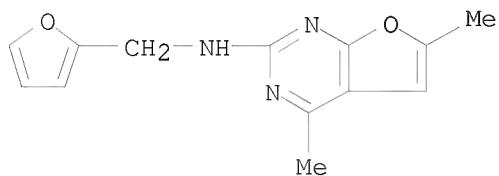
RN 22727-41-9 CAPLUS
CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2(1H)-one, 4,6-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



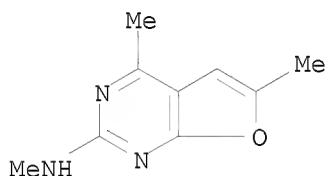
RN 22727-43-1 CAPLUS
CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-amine, 4,6-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 22727-45-3 CAPLUS
 CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-amine, N-(2-furanyl methyl)-4,6-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 23091-34-1 CAPLUS
 CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-amine, N,4,6-trimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
 AB 2-(R-Substituted)-4-oxo-5-acetonyl-6-methyl-3,4-dihydropyrimidines (I) are prepared from MeCO(MeCOCH₂)CHCO₂Et and RC(:NH)NH₂ compds., where R is Me, NH₂, SH, or an alkylthio group. I are treated with H₂SO₄ to give substituted 4,6-dimethylfuro[2,3-d]pyrimidines (II).
 2-(R-Substituted)-7-(R₁-substituted)-4,6-dimethylpyrrolo[2,3-d]pyrimidines are prepared from 4-chloro-5-acetonyl-6-methylpyrimidines and amines R₁NH₂.

L5 ANSWER 40 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1963:435607 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 59:35607
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 59:6398g-h, 6399a-d
 TITLE: Furans and pyrans. V. Synthesis of furanopyrimidines
 AUTHOR(S): Schulte, K. E.; Reisch, J.; Mock, A.; Kauder, K. H.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Westfaelischen Wilhelms-Univ., Muenster, Germany
 SOURCE: Archiv der Pharmazie und Berichte der Deutschen
 Pharmazeutischen Gesellschaft (1963), 296, 235-43
 CODEN: APBDAJ; ISSN: 0376-0367

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Unavailable

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 59:35607

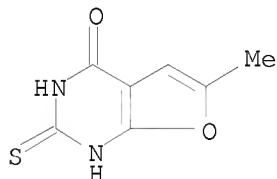
IT 25716-56-7P, Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidine-2,4(1H,3H)-dione,
 6-methyl-2-thio- 91673-53-9P,
 Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidine-2,4(1H,3H)-dione, 6-methyl-

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of)

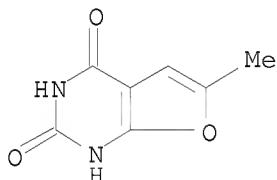
RN 25716-56-7 CAPLUS

CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidin-4(1H)-one, 2,3-dihydro-6-methyl-2-thioxo- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 91673-53-9 CAPLUS

CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidine-2,4(1H,3H)-dione, 6-methyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

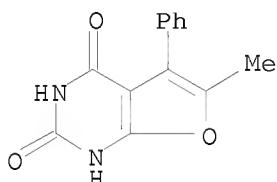


GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB cf. CA 59, 1575h, 2815f. Pyrimidines containing the RC.tplbond.CCH₂ group ortho to an enolizable CO group gave furanopyrimidines by intramol. ring closure. Equimol. amts. of RC.tplbond.CCH₂CHAcCO₂Et (I) and R'C(:NH)NH₂.HCl (II) kept several days with frequent shaking with 0.02-0.05 mole NaOH in 20-35 ml. EtOH, refluxed 1 hr., cooled, the precipitate filtered off, washed with Et₂O, and crystallized gave the following IIa [R, R₁, m.p., % yield, and m.p. 5-propyl analog (by hydrogenation over Pd-CaCO₃ MeOH) given]: H, Mc (III), 223-4°, 89, 157 9°; H, Ph (IV), 218-20°, 93, 147-8°; Ph, Me (V), 256-7°, 84, 157-9°; Ph, Ph (VI), 204-5°, 80, 165-6°. III (0.2 g.) rubbed with 0.05 g. ZnCO₃, heated 15 min. on a metal bath at

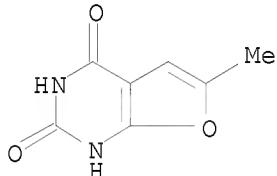
230°, and the mixture cooled, extracted with Et₂O, heated 15 min. on a metal bath at 230°, and the mixture cooled, extracted with Et₂O, evaporated, and sublimed at 100° under water pump vacuum yielded 63.5% VII (R = Me), m. 85°. Similarly, IV yielded 74% VII (R = Ph), m. 98-9°. V and VI with ZnCO₃ did not give the expected corresponding pyrano derivs., but were recovered unchanged. With H₂SO₄, H₃PO₄, or HBr-AcOH, V and VI added H₂O yielding, resp., 65% 2,4-dimethyl-5-(2-benzoylethyl-6-pyrimidone, m. 181-2° (EtOH-H₂O), and 70% 2-Ph analog, m. 228-30°. HC.tplbond.CCH₂CH(CO₂Et)₂ (37 g.) and 15 g. urea stirred and heated on a water bath 2-3 hrs. with NaOEt (from 9.2 g. Na in 150 ml. absolute EtOH), the crystals filtered off, washed with Et₂O, dissolved in H₂O, HCl added to pH 4, and the mixture extracted with Et₂O yielded 66% 5-propargylbarbituric acid (VIII), m. 184° (H₂O). Similarly, 15 g. PhC.tplbond.CCH₂CH(CO₂Et)₂ yielded 58% 5-(3-phenylpropargyl)barbituric acid (IX), m. 214-15° (MeOH-H₂O). VIII and IX dissolved in concentrated H₂SO₄ or H₃PO₄ and the solution diluted with ice water yielded, resp., 49% X (X = O, R = H), and 80% XI, m. 187°. Na (4.6 g.), 50 ml. absolute EtOH, 9.0 g. Me-NHCONH₂, and 19.8 g. HC.tplbond.CH₂CH(CO₂Et)₂ heated 5 hrs. at 110° in a closed tube yielded directly 17% X (X = O, R = Me), m. 260° (H₂O). Under the same conditions, 9.0 g. (NH₂)₂CS yielded 12% X (X = S, R = H), m. 240° (decomposition). Na (13.8 g.), 300 ml. absolute EtOH, 65 g. HC.tplbond.CCH₂CEt(CO₂Et)₂ and 18 g. urea treated as for VIII yielded 53.8% 5-ethyl-5-propargylbarbituric acid, m. 203° (H₂O), which with concentrated H₂SO₄ yielded 55% of the known 5-ethyl-5-acetonylbarbituric acid, m. 239°. Thus, closure to a furan ring cannot take place without an enolizable CO group next the 5-RC.tplbond.CCH₂ group.

L5 ANSWER 41 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1963:415609 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 59:15609
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 59:2815f-h
 TITLE: Furans and pyrans. IV. Preparation of condensed furan derivatives
 AUTHOR(S): Reisch, J.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Univ. Muenster, Germany
 SOURCE: Angewandte Chemie (1962), 74(20), 783
 CODEN: ANCEAD; ISSN: 0044-8249
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: Unavailable
 IT 95979-96-7P, Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidine-2,4(1H,3H)-dione,
 6-methyl-5-phenyl-
 RL: PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)
 RN 95979-96-7 CAPLUS
 CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidine-2,4(1H,3H)-dione, 6-methyl-5-phenyl- (CA INDEX
 NAME)



GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
 AB cf. CA 58, 11337d. Furan derivs. were prepared from Ph(HC.tplbond.C)CHOH and cyclic β -dicarbonyl compds. in the presence of concentrated H₂SO₄ or BF₃-Et₂O in glacial AcOH, 30 min. at 100°. Thus prepared were: 75% I, m. 268° (decomposition), from barbituric acid; 85% II, m. 147-8°, from 1,3-indandione; 67% III, m. 199°, from 4-hydroxycoumarin; 60% IV, m. 264°, from 4-hydroxycarbostyril.

L5 ANSWER 42 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1960:103479 CAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 54:103479
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 54:19699g-i,19700a-f
 TITLE: Reactions of some heterocyclic vic-dicarboxamides with
 alkaline hypobromite
 AUTHOR(S): Jones, Reuben G.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Lilly Research Labs., Indianapolis, IN
 SOURCE: Journal of Organic Chemistry (1960), 25, 956-9
 CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: Unavailable
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 54:103479
 IT 91673-53-9P, Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidine-2,4-diol, 6-methyl-
 RL: PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)
 RN 91673-53-9 CAPLUS
 CN Furo[2,3-d]pyrimidine-2,4(1H,3H)-dione, 6-methyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



AB Reaction of alkaline hypobromite with some heterocyclic 1,2-dicarboxamides led to the preparation of several bicyclic compds. containing the pyrimidine ring fused to furan, pyridazine, and pyrimidine. Et 2-ethoxallyl-4-oxovalerate (I) (24.5 g.) in 500 ml. 95% alc. treated cold with 5 g. N2H4.H2O in 50 ml. alc., the solution left 1 hr. at room temperature, evaporated, the solution diluted with 300 ml. H2O, extracted with Et2O, dried, and evaporated gave 20 g. di-Et 6-methyl-4,5-dihydro-3,4-pyridinedicarboxylate, m. 86-7° (ligroine). I (345 g.) in 3 l. alc. treated during 1.5 hrs. with 70 g. N2H4.H2O, the solution left overnight, evaporated in vacuo to a sirup, and warmed 0.5 hr. on the steam bath to remove alc. gave crude di-Et 6-methyl-4,5-dihydro-3,4-pyridinedicarboxylate (II). II (315 g.) in 2.75 l. Me2O added during 1 hr. to a hot solution of 65 g. KMnO4 in 900 ml. H2O, cooled, saturated with CO2, the mixture filtered, the MnO2 cake washed with Me2CO, the filtrate evaporated, and the residue extracted with Et2O gave 35 g. forerun, b0.6 112-15°, shown to be di-Et 5-methyl-2,3-furandicarboxylate, and 128 g. di-Et 6-methyl-3,4-pyridinedicarboxylate (III), m. 53-3.5° (ligroine). III (12 g.) hydrolyzed by warming with 5 g. NaOH in 50 ml. H2O and the solution acidified gave 8.76 g. 6-methyl-3,4-pyridinedicarboxylic acid, m. 235-7° (decomposition). III (47.6 g.) left 3 days at room temperature with 400 ml. MeOH saturated with NH3 gave 35 g. 6-methyl-3,4-pyridinedicarboxamide, m. 245-6° (aqueous alc.). Di-Et 2,6-dimethyl-3,4-pyridinedicarboxylate (70 g.) in 500 ml. MeOH saturated with NH3 left 3 days and the mixture evaporated gave 42 g.

2,6-dimethyl-3,4-pyridinedicarboxamide (IIIa), m. 213-14°. Di-Et
2-hydroxy-4,5-pyrimidinedicarboxylate (48 g.) added to 300 ml. concentrated aqueous

NH₃, the mixture left 2 days, and the product collected gave 32 g. ammonium salt of 2-hydroxy-4,5-pyrimidinedicarboxamide (IV), decomposed above 300°. IV (30 g.) ground to a fine powder and suspended in 100 ml.

20% AcOH, the suspension heated 2 hrs., and cooled gave 24.3 g.

2-hydroxy-4,5-pyrimidinedicarboxamide, decomposed above 300°. Di-Et

2-methyl-4,5-furandicarboxylate (45.2 g.) in 150 ml. MeOH containing 40 g. NH₃ kept 3 days in a stoppered flask gave 30 g.

2-methyl-4,5-furandicarboxamide (IVa), m. 257-8° (aqueous alc.). Di-Et

3,4-furandicarboxylate (63.6 g.) in 500 ml. MeOH saturated with NH₃, left 4 days at room temperature, the mixture treated with an addnl. 50 ml. liquid NH₃, and left 4 more days gave 45 g. 3,4-furandicarboxamide (V). Di-Me

3,4-thiophenedicarboxylate (20 g.) in 250 ml. MeOH saturated with NH₃ left 5 days gave 16.7 g. 3,4-thiophenedicarboxamide, m. 237-9° (H₂O). V

(15.4 g.) stirred with a hypobromite solution, prepared from 61.6 g. KOH in 160 ml. H₂O, 400 g. ice, and 32 g. Br, the mixture left 2 days at room temperature, heated 1 hr. on the steam bath, acidified with 70 ml. AcOH, left 5 days at room temperature, dissolved in hot NH₄OH solution, and repptd. with AcOH gave

1.4

g. solid 4,6-dihydroxy-2-oxa-5,7-diazaindene. Finely powdered IVa allowed to react with KOB_r as described above gave 25%

4,6-dihydroxy-2-methyl-1-oxa-5,7-diazaindene or

5,7-dihydroxy-2-methyl-1-oxa-4,6-diazaindene. IIIa allowed to react as above with hypobromite solution, refrigerated overnight, heated 1 hr., and acidified gave 75% 1,3-dihydroxy-5,7-dimethyl-2,4,6-triazanaphthalene, m. 355-7° (AcOH).

3-Methyl-5,6-pyridazinedicarboxamide (0.1 mole) added at once to a hypobromite solution, the mixture refrigerated overnight, heated 1 hr. on the steam bath, acidified, the mixture refrigerated a 2nd night, and the solid collected gave 79%

1,3-dihydroxy-7-methyl-2,4,5,6-tetraazanaphthalene (VI). In another experiment the mixture neither cooled nor heated prior to acidification, but left 12 hrs. at room temperature gave 22% VI. 2-Hydroxy-4,5-dicarbamoylpyrimidine allowed to react with hypobromite gave 74%

1,3,6-trihydroxy-2,4,5,7-tetraazanaphthalene, not m. below 360° (hot dilute NH₄OH and repptd. with AcOH).